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Burma Reconquest Starts

Stilwell's Forces Regain 7,500 Square Miles In Two Years

BRITISH SUBMARINES SINK JAP DESTROYER IN BAY OF BENGAL AND ATTACK PORT BLAIR

NEW DELHI, May 2: Two years after Lt.-Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell, Commander of American-Chinese forces in North Burma, began his retreat from Burma, his forces have regained 7,500 square miles of territory in Northern Burma and killed more than 7,000 Japanese.

In a statement on the second anniversary of the withdrawal Gen. Stilwell says:

"The Japs are putting up a tough fight and we are going to have setbacks, but I can promise you that we will all be in here swinging 'till we get to where we're going.'"

NO MORE JAP 'MARE NOSTRUM'

LONDON May 2: A Japanese destroyer has been sunk by one of His Majesty's submarines in the Bay of Bengal.

Royal Navy submarines operating in the Bay of Bengal are making Japanese shipping lanes more precarious than ever. Three of our Far Eastern submarine commanders have reported their latest successes.

A torpedo smashed squarely into a Japanese destroyer off the Andaman islands and the crew of the submarine saw her go down. Another destroyer and two supply vessels were hit. Then our submarines closed to within range of Japanese shore batteries in the area of Port Blair, the main port in the Andamans. Several Japanese shells fell around them but our gunners plastered military targets on the shore.

Another of our patrols in the Straits of Malacca on the route to Singapore was particularly successful. Three escorted supply ships were sent to the bottom by torpedoes and another was damaged.

STILWELL'S ACHIEVEMENT

MOGAUNG VALLEY, May 1.—May day was a day of memories for Joe Stilwell and his Chinese-American forces grimly battling before Inkangahtang, for, two years ago this week, Uncle Joe dejected but not beaten started his historic march back to India from North Burma, writes Mr. K. Gopalan, A.P.I. war correspondent with the Chinese-American forces.

"We haven't much to boast about", said Gen. Stilwell. Yet during the six months of the present valley operations his forces have cleared the whole of the Hukawng valley of Japs, taken over a third of the Mogaung valley, killed over 7,000 of the enemy, penetrated over 200 miles into Burma from the Indian frontier and now stand only about 100 miles from the Chinese frontier.—A.P.

JAP ATTACK ON PALEL REPULSED

CEYLON, May 2.

In North Burma a unit of the Chinese 22nd Division has captured a Japanese strongpoint west of the Mogaung river and south of Warazup, says to-night's South-East Asia Command communique. A large supply of mortar grenades, rifles and ammunition was found.

There has been an increase of activity in the Palel area. On the night of April 30 an attempted enemy attack on Palel was repulsed and there have been many patrol clashes in the hills north of the Palel road. In the vicinity of the Ukhrul road Scottish troops inflicted casualties on the enemy in minor clashes.

In the Arakan our troops have repulsed minor enemy thrusts in the eastern foothills of the Mayu range west of Buthidaung.

U.S.A.A.F., R.A.F. and I.A.F. fighters, fighter-bombers and dive-bombers of the Third Tactical Air Force, Eastern Air Command, in daylight on May 1 made concentrated attacks on enemy positions in the Buthidaung-Upper Mayu areas.

In daylight on May 1 R.A.F. fighters intercepted and destroyed an enemy aircraft over Oyster Island.

R.A.F. medium bombers of the Strategic Air Force in daylight on May 1 attacked a built-up area at Kalemyo. On the night of May 1 heavy R.A.F. units bombed Maymyo.

Air operations were curtailed by adverse weather.

ORDNANCE CHIEF TO RETIRE

NEW DELHI, May 2. After forty years' service in the Army, Lt. Gen. Sir Clarence Bird, Master-General of the Ordnance in India, has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, says a Press Note.

U. S. SUBMARINES SINK 12 JAP SHIPS.

WASHINGTON, May 2: U. S. submarines have sunk twelve Japanese ships including three warships in the Pacific and Far East, said a Navy Department Communique to-night They were one light cruiser and two destroyers, one large tanker, one large naval auxiliary, two medium cargo transports and five medium cargo vessels. The latest sinkings bring to 695 the number of Japanese ships of all types sunk, probably sunk or damaged by U. S. submarines.—Reuter.

ANGLO-AMERICAN MERCHANT NAVIES

Halifax Pleads For Post-War Co-operation

CHARLESTON (West Virginia) May 2.

The British Ambassadar Lord Halifax made a plea here to-night for a just solution of the merchant navy and export trade problem declaring that Britain must revive her shipping and overseas trade in order to live at all. He did not believe that there need be any real clash between British and American post-war interests anywhere.

Stressing the necessity for post-war Anglo-American co-operation, Lord Halifax referred especially to the questions of the merchant navies and export trade. "On the one hand we have suffered grievous losses at the hands of the enemy—when it is all over the merchant fleet of Britain is bound to be much less than in 1939.

You on the other hand, have built a vast merchant fleet and by so doing saved the cause of the United Nations in this war. It would indeed be the way of the ostrich if we pretended that in this situation there is no problem. It is far better to seek realistically for a just solution which can and must be fair as between Allies".—Reuter.

Senator Criticises U. S. Foreign Policy

NEBRASKA, May 2.

Senator O. Brewster of Maine speaking before the Nebraska Republican convention to-day described President Roosevelt as "one of the greatest politicians and one of the worst administrators the world has ever seen." He said, "Chaos in domestic affairs at home has been succeeded by chaos in our diplomatic affairs abroad. The diplomatic conduct of our foreign policy has been tragically mishandled.

Mr. Hull's victory at Moscow was immediately robbed of its fruits by Mr. Hull's absence at Teheran. M. Stalin and Mr Churchill retreated in disgust and in despair from foreign policies counselled by a Harry Hopkins instead of a Hull."—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

SOVIET RAID LVOV

MOSCOW, May 2.—To-night's Soviet Air 'communique' says: "Soviet long-range aircraft during the night of May 1 carried out a mass raid on the railway junction of Lvov and bombed concentrations of military trains.—Reuter.

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INQUIRY INTO CITY FIRE AND EXPLOSIONS

Wavell Appoints Commission Presided Over By Bombay Chief Justice

NEW DELHI, May 2: It is announced that the Governor-General-in-Council has been pleased to appoint a Commission of Inquiry to inquire into and report on the causes of the fire and explosions in the Bombay docks on April 14 1944, and into the adequacy of the action taken before, during and after the disaster.

The Commission will be assisted by five assessors to be appointed by the Government of India.

The Commission of Inquiry will consist of:—

(1) The Hon. Sir Leonard Stone, Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court, PRESIDENT

(2)Mr. S. B. Dhavle, I.C.S. (retired), lately Judge of the Patna High Court.

(3) Rear-Admiral C. S. Holland, R.N.

Mr. N. Storr, I.C.S., will be Secretary to the Commission.

In view of the state of war existing and the consequential considerations of security, the Commission will hold its inquiry in 'camera.' Nevertheless, the report the Commission, except such parts the disclosure of which, IN THE OPINION OF THE COMMISSION would be detrimental to the public interest or the successful prosecution of the war, will be published for general information.

The President of the Commission will have full powers to appoint times of meetings, to adjourn meetings, to adjust and arrange methods of procedure, to settle the course the inquiry shall take, to fix the place or places at which the Commission shall sit to hear such persons as he shall think fit, to admit or reject in his absolute discretion any evidence, oral or documentary, which may be tendered before him, and to call for such evidence, oral or documentary, as he may think fit. —A. P.

RECONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE

Special Meeting In City Tomorrow

NEW DELHI, May 2.

The special meeting of the General Policy Committee of the Reconstruction Committee of Council at Bombay on May 4 and 5 will be attended by the Finance Member Sir Jeremy Raisman, the Supply Member Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar and Mr. C. E. Jones, who is acting as Finance Member when Sir Jeremy goes to England.

Sir Theodore Gregory Economic Adviser to the Government of India, who has returned after attending the anti-Inflation Conference at Cairo will be present at the Bombay meeting.

Although he was at the Cairo Conference as observer, he was elected Chairman of he Banking and Currency Committee of the Conference.—A. P.

Police Casualties In Explosion

The Director of Information, Bombay writes: The Commissioner of Police, Bombay regrets to announce that, as a result of the explosions on Friday, April 14 one police officer and 14 men were killed.

Besides this, a considerable number of police officers and men received injuries. Five officers and 49 men who received serious injuries are still under treatment in the Police and other hospitals.

CITIZENS EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND.

BOMBAY, May 2.

Donations to the Citizens Emergency Relief Fund totalled till May 1 Rs. 6,48,701-12-0.

The donations include Rs. 10,000 from Mr. Mathuradas Vissanji and Rs. 50,000 from E. D. Sassoon and Co., Ltd.

SPAIN BOWS TO ALLIES

Britain And America Reach Agreement

WASHINGTON, May 2.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAS ANNOUNCED THAT THE UNITED STATES AND BRITISH GOVERNMENTS HAVE AGREED WITH SPAIN ON A NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING ISSUES.

SPAIN WILL EXPEL DESIGNATED AXIS AGENTS FROM TANGIER FROM THE SPANISH ZONE IN NORTH AFRICA, FROM THE SPANISH MAINLAND, CLOSE THE GERMAN CONSULATE AT TANGIER AND RELEASE CERTAIN ITALIAN MERCHANT SHIPS INTERNED IN SPANISH WATERS.

SPANISH WOLFRAM EXPORTS TO GERMANY ARE BEING DRASTICALLY CURTAILED.—

Eden Announces Pact

WESTMINSTER, May 2.—Mr. Anthony Eden, the British Foreign Secretary, announced in the Commons to-day that an agreement has been signed between Britain, the United States and Spain.

Under the agreement Spain has agreed to make drastic cuts in her exports of wolfram to Germany. She has also agreed to close the German Consulate at Tangiers and to expel Axis agents from Tangiers, Spanish Morocco and Spain itself. Spain has also agreed to release certain Italian merchantships interned in Spanish waters.

In return Britain and the United States have agreed to lift the embargo on oil shipments to Spain.—

CRISIS OVERCOME

The Spanish radio today broadcast the following comments on the agreement concluded with Britain and the United States: "The agreement generally comprises every point awaiting settlement, especially those regarding our commercial relations with Great Britain and the United States in a spirit of comprehension regarding our position of strict neutrality and realities of the present hour. This will permit normalisation of relations between Spain and the countries in question—relations which during the last few weeks underwent a period of crisis well-known to all. The crisis has now been solved without impairing the convenience and decorum of the countries in question and thus an end has been put to the difficulties that had arisen."

CHAKMAK RETIRES

Creator Of Turkey's Modern Army

LONDON, (By Mail).—Marshal Fezvi Chakmak the Chief of Staff of the Turkish Army known as the "creator of Turkey's modern army" has retired on reaching the age-limit, says the "Daily Sketch" quoting Ankara reports. He is succeeded by Gen. Kiazia Orbay, Dy. Chief of Staff. Marshal Chakmak was a firm upholder of Anglo-Turkish Alliance and he accompanied President Inonu to Cairo in December last to meet President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill.—India Press Service.

MICHAEL CLEMENCEAU TAKEN TO GERMANY

BERNE—Michael Clemenceau, son of Georges Clemenceau, French Premier during World War I, has been transferred from an internment camp in France to a prison in Germany, says a Paris dispatch.—India Press Service.

K. C. MAHINDRA'S NEW APPOINTMENT

NEW DELHI, May 2.

The 'United Press' understands that Mr. K. C. Mahindra, Chief of the Indian Purchasing Mission in the United States, has been appointed India's representative in the Industrial and Rahabilitation Sub-Committee of the U.N.R.R.A.—United Press.

SLIGHT DENT IN ALLIED POSITION

Small But Aggressive German Attacks On Anzio Beachhead

LONDON, May 2.

From Reuter's special correspondent in Italy:—

Small but aggressive German attacks resulted in a slight dent in Allied forward positions south-west of Carroceto in the Anzio beachhead, but on the main front the Allies improved their positions in the Lower Garigliano valley near the coast.

Both the actions occurred during a day of more lively movement on all fronts. While the Germans attacked the Allies left flank in the bridghead Allied raiding parties launched an attack on Soll village Carrto Alto. Another Allied patrol penetrated the area west of Littoria and withdrew after shooting it out with German outposts.

ACCOUNT BALANCED

Meanwhile on the coastal sector of the main front the Fifth Army balanced the ledger by securing improved positions in the hills beyond Minturno.

In the Cassino area German artillery and mortar fire has increased considerably. A strong German patrol which attacked Allied positions south-east of Cassino was turned back.

In the Adriatic sector, German patrols made several attacks on Allied outposts. They advanced under mortar fire but were driven off by small arms fire and grenades.

Four out of twelve or fifteen German planes which tried to raid the Anzio port area were shot down and two others were probably destroyed.

AIR RAID ON GENOA

The Italian port of Genoa was again attacked last night by Allied Mediterranean aircraft for the fourth night running.

To-day's Communique says: Our medium bombers attacked targets at Spezia, while heavy bombers attacked targets at Leghorn and railway targets in the Rome area and at Alessandria.

Our light and fighter bombers ranged far behind the enemy lines to strike at other military objectives, some of them in Yugoslavia. Two Allied planes are missing. Two German planes were destroyed.

On land there has been more artillery exchanges and some attacks by small enemy raiding parties.

BADOGLIO TO DISMISS 7,000 FASCIST OFFICIALS

LONDON.—According to an Algiers dispatch, over 7,000 officials in liberated Italy with Fascist leanings and past connections with Fascist organisations, are to be dismissed under the anti-Fascist law promulgated by Badoglio Government.—India Press Service.

POONA May 2: Kirkee United 'A' defeated Friends' Union by four goals to nil in the match played in the Poona Aga Khan Hocky Tournament.—A. P.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (July)

NEW YORK, May 2.

Previous Closing	20.54
To-day's Opening	20.58
Difference	+.04
Today's Closing	20.51
Difference	—.03

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, May 2.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices. General Motors dol 59-1/4
Anaconda Coppermining dol. 25-3/4
United States Steel Common dol. 52.
United States Steel Pref. dol. 125.—Reuter.

BEVAN TO BE EXPELLED

Parliamentary Labour Party's Action

WESTMINSTER, May 2.

Mr. Aneurin Bevan, forceful British miners' member of Parliament, is threatened with expulsion from the British Parliamentary Labour Party.

He led last week revolt of a section of Labour deputies against the Government's new war-time regulation dealing with strike instigations.

To-day he received a letter from the Administrative Committee of the Parliamentary Labour Party informing him that the Committee will advise full party meeting to-morrow to expel him from the Parliamentary Party.—Reuter.

R. A. F. POUNDS AXIS TARGETS

LONDON, May 2: British bombers last night in very great strength attacked a series of targets in France, Belgium and Germany.

In France they bombed an aircraft factory and explosive works at Toulouse, a motor works at Lyons, an aircraft repair plant south-west of Paris and railway stores and equipment north of Paris.

In Belgium the principal targets were railway yards at two different places.

In Germany Allied aircraft went for the great chemical town of Ludwingshafen in the Rhineland.

From all these operations only ten aircraft are missing.—

The Air Ministry announced that the Bomber Command dropped well over 2,500 tons of bombs in course of last night's attacks.—Reuter.

TRANSATLANTIC EDITION OF LONDON DAILY MAIL

NEW YORK.—The London "Daily Mail" has completed arrangements for publishing a Trans-Atlantic edition in New York The edition will be a digest of a week's issue assembled into a magazine form and photographed in microfilm The film will be flown to New York for printing. "The experiment has one purpose,' says the "Daily Mail." "It is as a contributor to the closer understanding of Britain and American people."—India Press Service.

CURFEW LIFTED IN BEIRUT

BEIRUT, May 1.

Curfew in Beirut which has been in force since last Thursday when five persons were killed and twenty injured, was lifted to-night (Monday).—Reuter.

Jap Cruiser And Two Destroyers Sunk

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Japanese light cruiser and two destroyers have been sunk by American submarines in the Pacific, the Navy Department announced.—Reuter.

SIR JEREMY RAISMAN

NEW DELHI, May 1: The Hon. Sir Jeremy Raisman, will shortly leave for England on special duty. The Governor-General in Council has appointed the Hon. Mr. C. E. Jones, to be a temporary member of the Executive Council during the absence of Sir Jeremy Raisman.—A. P.

CALCUTTA, May 2: For the proper control of cholera and smallpox the Government of Bengal have sanctioned the continuance of certain staff, including over one thousand technical personnel, for a period of three months.—A. P.

Mahatma's Condition Shows No Improvement

BLOOD PRESSURE AND GENERAL HEALTH BELOW PAR: B. C. ROY MAY AGAIN SEE HIM

BOMBAY, May 2: MAHATMA GANDHI'S CONDITION, IT IS LEARNT, HAS NOT SHOWN ANY IMPROVEMENT SINCE THE ATTACK OF MALARIA HE HAD A FORTNIGHT AGO.

After his last fast which was much more strenuous than any of his previous fast or ailments, his recovery, it is pointed out, was quick but this time his recovery after the fever is slow and his general condition, according to medical opinion, is unsatisfactory. The blood pressure and his general health is below par.

It is understood that Dr. B. C. Roy may again visit Mahatma Gandhi during the last week of May.—A. P.

NO RELEASE OF LEADERS

Speculation Set At Rest

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, May 2.

Gandhiji's recent illness restarted speculation regarding his release.

That no new circumstances had arisen which require review and reconsideration of Government's policy was the reply I had from high official quarters.

The last enunciation of Government's policy, it was explained, was made by Lord Wavell in his address to the Legislature. That policy still stands as the corner-stone which is the withdrawal of August resolution.

It was further explained to me that the decision to detain Congress leaders was made by the British War Cabinet and it was that body alone which could revise its decision.

So far, there has been no divergent opinion between the Indian and British Government on this issue. As the Viceroy told the legislature in February the next move lies not with Government but with Congress leaders, it is asserted here.

Gajjar Examines Mahatma

POONA, May 2.

Dr. K. T. Gajjar, Pathologist, examined Mahatma Gandhi early this morning. He left for Bombay immediately afterwards by the "Deccan Queen." Taking with him some blood slides for further examination.

Level Of Blood Pressure Unsatisfactory

A 'Communique' issued by the Government of Bombay on the health of Mahatma Gandhi says:

"Dr. B. C. Roy who examined Mr. Gandhi yesterday has submitted a report to the Government which suggests that the improvement observed by Major-General Candy on Saturday had not been wholly maintained. Although there is no recurrence of fever and Mr. Gandhi is in cheerful spirits the level of blood pressure cannot be regarded as satisfactory. Further examination by specialists is being carried out."—United Press.

Baldev Singh Speaks

LAHORE, May 2.

"I have not come across a single Sikh member of the Assembly who is prepared to join the Muslim League Coalition Ministry in the Punjab", said Sardar Baldev Singh, Minister, commenting on Mr. Jinnah's statement inviting the Sikhs to offer their terms to him.

While reserving his full reply to Mr. Jinna's statement Sardar Baldev Singh said that Mr. Jinnah was avoiding the real issue which was confronting them.—

ALL-PARTIES SIKH CONFERENCE

LAHORE, May 2: The Hon. Sir Jogindra Singh, member of the Governor-General's Executive Council, arrived here this morning to attend the All Parties Sikh Conference which is being held this afternoon at the residence of Sardar Baldevsingh, Minister for Development, Punjab.

Important matters concerning the Sikh Community are expected to be discussed at the meeting.—A. P.

PUNJAB GOVT. POSTPONES HILL EXODUS

LAHORE, May 2.

It is officially learned that the hill exodus of the Punjab Government scheduled to take place next week has been indefinitely postponed.—United Press.

(SEE PAGES 4 AND 5)

BEAUMONT GOES AT FEDERAL COURT

LONDON, May 2.—Describing the Federal Court (the highest court in India) as "an expensive luxury", the late Chief Justice of Bombay Sir John Beaumont, in an address to the East India Association to-day said: "The salaries of the three judges amount to Rs. 18,000 per month and there is the cost of establishment. I should think the Court must cost about £25,000.

Sir John thought it was a blunder to constitute the Federal Court before Federation was in sight.—Reuter.

FRONT RANK CONGRESSMEN AND M. L. A.'S STILL IN SIND JAILS

Detention Revision Board Releases 45 Persons

KARACHI, May 2: The Sind Government to-day ordered the release of seven more security prisoners. They belong to Nawabshah and Dadu districts and were detained during the August Disturbances.

It is authoritatively learnt that the process of reviewing the remaining cases in accordance with the recommendations of the Revision Board, is continuing and decisions regarding further releases are expected to be taken in due course. So far about 45 detenus have been released. This leaves only the Congress M.L.A.s and a few front rank Congressmen in Sind jails.

Gaitonde And Mehta Released

Mr. K. N. Gaitonde and Mr. Kalianji Mehta who were detained at Nasik prison were released unconditionally on Saturday.

SHAH MD. UMAIR RELEASED

PATNA, May 1.—Maulvi Shah Muhd. Umair, a prominent Congressman of Bihar, who was a security prisoner since August, 1942, has been released unconditionally.

Dominions' Premiers' Conference

LONDON, May 2: Allied military preparations for a mass assault on Europe and comparable plans to knock Japan out of the Pacific formed the basis of talks that took place today at Downing Street between Dominions' Prime Ministers.

Reuter learns that for the time being the Prime Ministers are devoting themselves entirely to an examination of the immediate conduct of war and with the aid of Chiefs of Staffs are getting closer and more detailed insight into plans that are already laid for the opening of a grand attack on the continent.

The views of both Mr. Curtin and Mr. Fraser have been sought upon the progress of the Pacific War and it is understood that these disclose a complete identity of outlook as regards the conduct of the war against Japan.

This morning's session was again presided over by Mr. Churchill. Yesterday Mr. Churchill outlined the military situation and his survey is described as very wide, embracing warfronts in the Far East as well as Europe.

It is understood that the subject of closer unity among the Commonwealth nations will not be dealt with until the Premiers have completed their military discussions.

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AN OPEN LETTER TO BUS AND TRAM PASSENGERS

AN APPEAL FOR FAIR PLAY

Dear Passenger:

Your conductor is only human. His job is by no means an easy one, particularly now that the load on our services is twice as much as in peace time. Think what he is expected to do. Issue tickets and change, control the boarding and alighting of passengers, signal the driver to stop or go, and answer passengers' questions.

Instead of criticizing him, help him. The method is very easy; why not try it from now on.

1. Board at a 'stop' only—to jump on a moving vehicle is both dangerous and illegal.
2. Try to remember that to form a queue is in your own interests. Board one at a time and then only in accordance with vacant positions. There is standing room for not more than six persons.
3. Do not try to board before passengers wishing to alight have done so.
4. Be sure of your destination and hand the conductor the correct fare. The maximum legal tender is one rupee.
5. Be ready to alight as soon as the vehicle stops. There are people waiting to board.
6. If you are standing and a seat becomes available, take it.

We repeat, Wartime overloading has not simplified the conductor's lot. Helping him is an act of good citizenship. You don't want to scramble for a bus, so encourage good habits by keeping them yourself, and your conductor will respond.

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New Approach To Indian Problem In South Africa

Recent Agreement May Go Down Into History As Pretoria Pact

(From Our Correspondent.)

CAPE TOFN. May 1.

It is useless to deny that the recent agreement which will probably go down into history as the Pretoria Pact has aroused considerable opposition among Indians in Natal and particularly in Durban. This is partly due to the misrepresentation given to the agreement by newspapers and others.

It is clear, for example, that as the statement on which the agreement was arived at nas not been pubushed in full, no sound judgment can be made upon it. Eadly informed newspaper presentation has added to Congress difficulties and if Congress leaders desire to accede to the request of General Smuts to withhold publicity much misrepresentation cannot be easily combated.

SOURCES OF OPPOSITION

Even that, however, does not explain the nature of the opposition. The fact is that the opposition springs from two sources. The noisiest is from the Communists who are not protesting as Indians but as Communists and who have the support and encouragement of the Natal Communist Party which has incited Indian Trades Unions to clamourous indignation against an agreement full of the most hopeful possibilities for the Indian as distinct from a particular political cause. The difference is of vast importance as illustrating the dual nature of the objectors. As I see it, they are Communists first and Indians second. Their grievances as Indians are played upon by European Communists to arouse in them hatred of capitalism in the ranks of Indians in such a way that they oppose richer Indian mrchants not because they are Indians but because they are capitalists. Europeans of course do not appreciate this distinction, while Indian minority objectors to the agreement persist in objections which have nothing to do with Indian welfare as such but which have all to do with Communism and Communists. The advantages which accrue from the agreement then are lost upon these Indian Communists.

To take one for example, the agreement admits the statutory representation of Indians on a body which is to control Indian and European residential juxtaposition. This is a considerable advance on the former principle expressed in past legislation culminating in the Pegging Act, a principle which was based upon the right of European authority to impose its will upon Indians without even consultation. A second point is that the right to purchase and acquire properly for economic purposes is restored.

A third point is that the agreement is in full accord with Congress policy.

TOWARDS NEW APPROACH

A fourth point is that the agreement solution makes possible a new approach to the whole Indian question in south Africa.

It is not to be supposed that the international aspects will appeal to these Communist objectors. Indeed, I am beginning to wonder whether these objectors faced with the choice of embarrassing General Smuts and Indian progress in South Africa would not choose to suffer disabilities in order to have cause to embarrass General Smuts. Perhaps the best feature of public attitude towards the agreement is that there exists on both sides an extremist minority ready to jettison the whole scheme. Between these extremes, there is a large body of responsible opinion, European and Indian, more determined to-day to insist that sound Government take the place of emotional bungling.

In th opinion of your correspondent, at no time was there a better opportunity awaiting Indians and Europeans alike.

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NATAL INDIANS PROTEST AGAINST EMPLOYMENT BILL

CAPE TOWN, May 1.

A deputation representing the Naval Indian Congress, to-day saw Mr. Ivan Walker, Secretary of Labour, about the provisions for the soldiers and war workers in the Employmenu Bill.

In a memorandum placed before the Secretary, the Congress expressed the fear that the powers of the Minister of Labour under the Bill to control the employment of ex-servicemen might be detrimental to the Indian community in Natal.

The memorandum said that the Bill was definitely a class legislation since it gave the Minister unlimited power to discriminate on any ground in specifying the number of any specified class of ex-servicemen who must be employed in any particular industry.

The memorandum said if the section was not amended and protection was not given to thousands of Indians now in the employ of local authorities, railways and industrial undertakings, they would "find themselves in a precarious position "as the section gave the Minister power to "apply any method of differentiation and discrimination he may deem advisable".

The deputation also asked that Indians should be represented on the Volunteers' Employment Board, and a Volunteers' Committee be established under the Bill.—Reuter.

END OF KARACHI DOCK STRIKE

KARACHI, May 2: In order that the war effort should not be affected by the Karachi dock workers strike, army personnel were moved into the Karachi docks, it can now be revealed.

Their task, says a Press Note, was to carry on the work of unloading military stores and this was the only reason for their presence, for it is not the policy of the military authorities to favour either side in an industrial dispute.

The work of unloading military cargoes proceeded without incident.

The strike having ended, the workers at the dock have now resumed.—A. P.

BARODA MARRIAGE AND VICEROY'S DECISION

MADRAS, May 2.

According to the Delhi correspondent of 'Hindu' H.E. Viceroy is not likely to recognise the second marriage of the Gaekwar of Baroda with Sitadevi, daughter of the Maharaja of Pithapuram. The report states that after careful examination of the circumstances under which the marriage took place the view is likely to prevail in official quarters that legally the marriage is invalid and therefore the Viceroy cannot but refuse to recognise it.

This may mean that the Lady will not be entitled to call herself the Mararani nor can she or any children that may be born to her hereafter will get any kind of State recognition socially or financially.—Orient Press.

Punjab Puts Into Force Frontier Crimes Ordinance

LAHORE, May 2.—"In view of emergency which has arisen" Ordinance No. 1 of 1944 called Frontier Crimes (validation of Orders, Proceedings and Acts) Ordinance which comes into force forthwith has been published in a Gazette Extraordinary today.

According to this Ordinance no suit or other legal proceedings in any court can be instituted against the Provincial Government in respect of orders or sentences passed under the Frontier Crimes Regulation, 1901.—United Press.

FORMER ITALIAN U-BOAT COMMANDER TO JOIN ALLIES

MARGAO, May 1.

Count Milesi Ferreti, an Italian U-Boat Commander, who was taken prisoner in the battle of North Africa and subsequently escaped from a prisoner of war camp in the Punjab, is reported to be leaving Goa shortly aboard the s.s. "Nyassa."

It is said that Ferreti will join the Allies in the fight against Fascism. Ferreti is a brother of the Italian Minister at Berne representing Mussolini's Government.—A.P.

LAHORE, May 2: The Punjab Government move up to Simla has been postponed indefinitely, it is officially announced.—A. P.

AMERICAN SHOW IN AID OF BOMBAY FIRE VICTIMS

"The Original Yardbirds", an American Services troupe of variety artistes, staged "Hey, Rookie," an excellent non-stop revue at the Town Hall on Monday night in aid of the victims of the recent fire and explosions.

The show was a roaring success and thunderous applause greeted each item. The impersonations—particularly of President Roosevelt—provoked side-splitting laughter and so did the skit on the American army recruiting board. Light-hearted entertainment was the key-note of the show and the audience which included the Governor enjoyed every minute of it.

REMOVAL OF DEBRIS

The Police Authorities and Citizens' Relief Committee announce that the programme for the removal of belonging by landlord and tenants from all damaged buildings east of the railway lines i.e. Dana Bunder, Lokhandi Jatna, etc., will be as follows:—

On receipt of the report from the City Engineer that any building site in this area is safe for evacuation work, the landlord and tenants of the building concerned will be given notice through the Press and by the Notice Board at the Enquiry Office to remove their belongings within 7 days of the publication failing which the debris will be liable to be cleared by the Military or Municipal agencies without any further notice.

Landlords and Tenants of buildings in the following area are hereby warned that they should commence clearing their property from 4-5-194 which will be the commencement of their 7 days notice:—

All the area bounded by Raichur Street, Frere Road, Masjid Bunder Road and Argyle Road except (1. area bounded by Masjid Bunder Siding Road, Frere Road, Kuria Street and Argyle Road. 2. the buildings facing Frere Road between Thana Street and Masjid Bunder Siding Road. 3. buildings facing Frere Road between Kalyan Street and Thana Street and 4. building facing Frere Road between Poona Street and Kalyan Street).

Landlords and Tenants of the following buildings east of the Railway Lines are rquired to be present at 10 a.m. at the Police Enquiry Office at Mandvi Chowki to see the City Engineer Staff as on inspection to-day the buildings will found to be locked and could not be inspected:—Godown Nos. 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, on 4th Clive Cross Road, Godown Nos. 68, 70 and near Nos. 82 on Clive Road, Godown Nos. 4 and 6 on 2nd Clive Cross Road and the Godown at the junction of Clive Road and 2nd Clive Road.

The date of commencement of removal of debris by the Military or Municipality Agency from the area east of the Rly. Line will be communicated in a Press. Landlords and Tenants who may be interested in removing or salvage of their property or their debris from this area should watch the papers for the date of commencements of this work.

Persons submitting claims of damages, etc., suffered by them due to the explosion and fire should watch the paper for the property authorities to whom such claims should be submitted and should not send their claims to the Police Enquiry Office.

With regard to the Evacuation of the property, etc., from within the cordoned area it has been decided that the work in the area will carry on from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. daily but that the Enquiry Office and Evacuation Offices will remain closed from 1 p.m. till 3 p.m. during which period no property will be allowed to be removed out of the cordoned area.

Evacuation of property, etc., in the area west of the Railway Line is being carried on as usual. The Municipal Authorities are removing debris from the street in this area and landlords and tenants are again requested to attend to the removal of their own debris from this area.

Goldsmith Finds Lost Treasure In Debris

While salvage men dug with all their professional skill into piles of rubble, a thin, emaciated citizen stood by and peered into space, hoping against hope to find a steel safe which had disappeared into earth on the afternoon of April 14. The salvage was in progress for a number of hours and he was on his feet all the time.

The scene was a building called Gomukh Bhuwan, in the vicinity of the Masjid Road station. Some of the citizens who peopled it till the 14th were goldsmiths. Tucked away in odd corners of the building were steel safes with chunks of gold and ornaments belonging to these goldsmiths. Bhagwanji Monji was one such tenant. He owned gold and silver which after April 14, remained a hidden treasure beneath the piles of stone and twisted steel. For days, Bhagwanji had waited patiently for the salvage of his life's treasure.

It was a question of hours on Monday. He waited with bated breath while the coolies removed each stone or a piece of wood. The waiting seemed to be in vain towards evening because after a whole day's search, there was no trace of the safe. Bhagwanji was preparing to come away while in an unexpected corner, deep down in earth, below the flooring of Gomukh Bhuwan, a workman bumped into something hard. Within a few minutes, Bhagwanji was feeling with shaking fingers, his 1,000 tolas of gold and ornaments. They were intact in the safe which had crashed deep into the flooring by the weight of girders lying over it.

Relief Arrangements At Cutch Mandvi

Sir Shantidas Askuran, Sheriff of Bombay, has received a telegram from Cutch requesting him to inform Cutchis who would like to go to Cutch Mandvi by steamer that relief arrangements at Cutch Mandvi, including food and free fare, have been ordered by His Highness the Maharao Saheb on the same lines as at Kandala. Those going to Cutch should travel by steamer to relieve congestion on the railway.

Sir Shantidas Askuran, in consultation with the Mayor, has instructed the Municipal officers in charge to provide free tickets to destitutes on behalf of the Government and to pay them Rs. 10 a head, instead of Rs. 2, from the Citizens' Emergency Relief Fund to enable them to meet their expenses for a fortnight after reaching their destination.

POONA LEAGUERS FOR BOMBAY RESCUE

POONA, May 2: A sum of Rs. 1,500 has been sent by Mr. A. A. Omar, Secretary of the Poona Cantonment Primary Muslim League for the relief of the distressed people in Bombay.—A. P.

THE GREATEST HUMAN TRAGEDY INSANITY

For years, thousands of sufferers all over the world, have found LUNEGON an almost unfailing specific for mental and nervous disorders. Used successfully by doctors, hospitals, lunatic asylums all over the world. It is a marvellous specific for insanity, relieving even the most inveterate cases. It is also a sure specific for mental and nervous breaks down, loss of sleep, epilepsy, hysteria, melancholia, violent mania, high blood pressure, etc. "LUNEGON" is a high-grade ethical product with an open formula. Contains no injurious depressing and habit forming drugs. Makes you feel calm and poised in an hour and a new man or woman in a few weeks. Life today calls for "LUNEGON"—Keep a bottle always handy. Ask for free literature and open formula. Price per container of 50 tablets, Rs. 4. At all Chemists & Druggists or direct from: HERING & KENT, Post Box 323, Fort, Bombay.

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Daily: 7, 10
CAPITOL
ZENANA SHOW AT 1-30 on Thursday
Blushing Bride Wins
DULHAN
KAMAL
Daily: 4, 7, 10
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THE MOST TALKED-OF PICTURE IN TOWN!!
RAMOLA in Shukriya
AN R.C. TALWAR PRODUCTION
3RD WEEK
NEW WEST END
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Screen's Grandest Spectacle
PRAKASH'S
RAM RAJYA
Direction: VIJAY BHATT
Starring: SHOBHANA SAMARTH
PREM ADIB, UMAKANT
Daily: 3-30; 6-30 Hindi,
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A HIGH-CLASS MODERN SOCIAL
MINERVA'S
Love-Parade
of mirth, music and melodrama
PATTHARON-KA SAUDAGAR
Direction: SHORREY DAULTALVI
2nd WEEK MINERVA
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

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SUNRISE PICTURES' MYTHOLOGICAL HIT
MAHASATI
ANASUYA
Starring:
DURGA KHOTE SHOBHANA SAMARTH, SHAHU MODAK
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.
KRISHNA (DUBHASH THEATRE)

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The STORY of LOVE that SHOOK the 3 WORLDS!
LAXMI Productions'
KADAMBARI
Starring:
SHANTA APTE
Vanmala
Pahari
Harish
Jeevan
Director
NANDLAL JASHWANTLAL
Next Change at
ROXY
Sat. Sunday Matinee 1 p.m.
MAJESTIC
DAILY: 4, 7, 10 p. m.
'ROYAL' JEWEL No. 19
Directed by KARDAR
"NAI DUNIYA"
SHOBHANA SAMARTH.
WASTI,
MAZHARKHAN,
JAYRAJ, AZURIE,
A 100% Entertainment!

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
LAST 2 SHOWS
To-day and To-morrow one show only at 6-30 p.m.
Tickets purchased for To-night's 9-30 p.m. show will be exchanged or money refunded.
SADHONA BOSE
and
HER BALLET
To-day's Programme includes "DIVINE SOURCE", "BHOOKH", "HOLI", "STREET DANCE" etc.
Prices with Tax: Rs. 19, 12, 6-8, 4, 2-8 & 1-4
Plans open. Book early.
EXCELSIOR
Bookings through: J. MAGANLAL LTD.
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SPEAKERS: Mr. NAGINDAS T. MASTER, Mayor of Bombay.
1. Opening of the Art Exhibition By SUSHIL KUMAR RUIA.
2. Inauguration by Lady Rama Rao.

SINGERS:

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Mr. Ramachandra Pai	Miss Subasani Kirtikar
Miss Vasanti Ghorpade.	Miss Vijaya Desai.
Miss Vimal Patki.	Master Purshotham.
Miss Lalita Parulekar	

DANCERS:

Kumar Javakar.	Miss Damayanti Joshi
Miss Jai Kumari.	Miss Manorama
Miss Yashodara Kathju	Miss Shila D. Naik.

Amonkar Sisters.

INSTRUMENTALISTS:
Mr. Palganker and Master Ebrahim.
Art Exhibition at Nutan Kala Mandir and Gurjar Studio. On 6th 5 p. m., 7th 9-30 a. m., and 5 p. m.
Tickets can be had from 6 to 8 p. m. at the BLAVATSKY LODGE, Chowpatty.
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Advance Booking 10 to 12 and 4 to 6 p. m.

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Starring: SUMATI GUPTE, MASTER VITHAL, CHINTAMANRAO KOLHATKAR AND DINKAR KAMANNA
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Hightide: 8-53, 21-11. Lowtide: 2-57, 14-32

CORPORATION STANDING COMMITTEE meeting 2-30 p.m. (B. T.)

CORPORATION MEETING: Tomorrow (Thursday) 2 p.m. (B T).

To-day's Engagements

BANK OF MYSORE LTD.: Opening ceremony of the Bombay Branch of the Bank of Mysore Ltd., will be performed by Sir M. Visvesvaraya at the Bai Sunderbai Hall, Queen's Road to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m.

SHRI TATVADNYAN MANDAL: Under the auspices of the Shri Tatvadnyan Mandal to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. Shri Jagadguru Shankaracharaya Shri Rajrajeshwar Asharaj of Sharda Peeth will speak on importance of religion.

NATIONAL WAR FRONT: Public meeting at Dharavi to-day (Wednesday) at 7 p.m. Mr. Laldin Asi Nizami and Mr. B. R. Kadrekar will speak on "The National Savings Certificates Scheme".

COMMUNAL RATION STORES ASSOCIATION: Mr. M. H. Bhujwalla, Rationing Officer (Retailers), will speak on "The Efficient Working of the Communal Ration Stores and Co-operative Societies in Bombay" to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (N. S. T.), at K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, Library Hall, 1st floor (opposite R. I.N. Dock, Lion Gate), Apollo Street, Fort.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER: The First Quarterly General Meeting today (Wednesday) at 4 p.m. (S. T.), in the Office of the Chamber.

C. C. I. "PAGAL-PANI" GALA: Preliminary heats for events Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6 and 9 will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. For events Nos. 4, 10 and 14 there will be no heats. For events Nos. 5, 7 and 8, entries will be accepted on spot. Event No. 11 has been cancelled owing to paucity of entries. Events Nos. 12 and 13 will be treated as one.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Question and Answer Meeting, Jehangir Wadia Building, Flora Fountain, to-day (Wednesday) 6-15 p.m.

MARWADI MITRA MANDAL: The Marwadi Mitra Mandal passed a resolution at its meetieng on 27th April to donate all the income derived from the social drama "Bade Admi", which the Mandal will stage at 10 p.m. on the 14th May 1944, at the Bhangwadi Theatre, Kalbadevi Road.

INDIAN SPIRITUALIST SOCIETY: There will be a discourse and seance at 61 Govardhandas Building, Opp. Portuguese Church, Girgaum to-day (Wednesday) at 5 p.m.

TAGORE BIRTHDAY CELEBRATIONS: The Tagore Society of Bombay will celebrate the birthday of Poet Rabindra Nath Tagore on May 6th and 7th at 6-30 p.m. at Sunderabai Hall, Queen's Road. Lectures, song and dance recitals and a play by the poet ("Post-office") will be the chief attractions of the celebrations. Participation in the celebrations will be by subscription, and an amount of Rs. 2 or more may be sent to the Treasurer of the Society, C/o The Comilla Banking Corporation, Amar Building, Fort, Bombay or to the Chairman of the Society, Dastur Framroze A. Bode at Mazdaznan Industial Assurance Building, 1st floor, opp Churchgate Station. The amount thus raised will be donated to the Mayor's Relief Fund for sufferers in the recent disaster in the city.

URDU LITERACY CLASSES: The Muslim Students' Union, 3, Bastion Road, Next to the Empire Cinema, Fort Bombay 1; proposes to conduct free Urdu Literacy Classes for beginners, from about the middle of this month. The classes are open to all, and the course will last approximately two months interested should send in their names to the Secretary, at the above address, by the 7th inst.

DRAMA IN AID OF THE RED CROSS SANSHAYA KALLOL: A Drama in aid of the Red Cross Funds on behalf of the G. I. P. Railway War Fund Committee will be held at the Baliwala Grand Theatre, Tardeo, on Sunday May 7 at 2-30 p.m. The tickets are priced at Rs 25 Rs 20 Rs 15 Rs. 12 Rs 8 Rs 4 Plans have been opened from 25th April, and seats for Rs. 12 upwards can be reserved at the Theatre daily between the hours of 9 a.m. to noon and 4 p.m. to 8 p.m.

BAITU-ATFALIL MUSLIMEEN (MUSLIM CHILDREN'S HOME): Inaugural meeting and the Variety Entertainment on Thursday, 4th May at 6 p.m. (S.T.) Sunderbai Hall.

Saraiya-Desai Marriage

Marriage was celebrated between Dr. Chandrakant G. Saraiya, Hon. obstetrician and gynaecologist, Podar Hospital and Miss Annie Devidas Desai, B. A., at Madhav Baug in the presence of about 2,000 guests. The bridegroom is the son of the late Mr. Gokaldas Saraiya who was for some time Dewan of Lunawada State and is the younger brother of Mr. R. G. Saraiya. The bride is the daughter of the late Mr. Devidas Desai solicitor of the firm of Messrs. Motichand and Devidas. The marriage was performed according to ancient Hindu vedic rites.

A large gathering of prominent citizens was present.

Facilities For Cloth And Yarn Merchants

BOMBAY, May 2: A press note issued by the Textile Commissioner says:—Owing to the continuance of difficulties in obtaining transport, it has been decided to extend the time limit for the final disposal of cloth and yarn texmarked 'October' and 'November' 30th June, 1944.—A. P.

Sadhona Bose who with her ballet is giving dance performance at the Excelsior.

SADHONA BOSE BALLET
Change Of Programme

A change of programme will be presented by Sadhona Bose and Ballet to-day (Wednesday) and Thursday, the last two days of their season in this city.

The main attraction among the new numbers will be "The Divine Source", an elaborate ballet that is said to have a topical message of the unity of art and life, with particular reference to the communal problem.

"Bhookh", which has proved popular, has been retained in the programme along with other favourites like "Holi", "Street Dance", "Surpanakha" "Arjun", "Hunter", etc.

Chief Justice Visits Esplanade Court

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Chief Justice of Bombay, Sir Leonard Stone, visited the Esplanade Courts this morning and watched the proceedings in the Court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate. The Chief Justice was seated to the right of Mr. Oscar Brown on the Bench while he heard with rapt attention the evidence being recorded in a police case.

Fined Rs. 5,000 For Breach Of Rationing Order

While sentencing a wealthy merchant of Bombay to pay a fine of Rs. 5,000 (five thousand) and in default to undergo six months' simple imprisonment, Mr. V. K. Muranjan, 2nd Additional Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, observed: "I have heard Mr. Petigara for the Prosecution and Sir Chunilal for the accused. The prosecution presses for deterrent sentence. The defence urges that a small fine would meet the ends of justice in view of the Government Press Note issued by the Public Relations Officer which is meant to prevent repeating the offence and to set an example to the like-minded persons."

The offence was that the accused Chatrabhuj Gordhandas was charged on two counts for acquiring an essential article Ky 515 1/2 Paylees of Rice which exceeded the normal quantity required on August 25, 1943 and 8 Paylees of Rice on September 3, 1943. The offence was charged under 81(4) of Defence of India Rules

SUSPECTS ENLARGED ON BAIL

Arrested on a charge of theft by the Bombay City Police, Madan Soli Hormasji and Jal Jamshedji Subedar, depot contractors, S. Faretali, a Lance Naik and Vinayak Ambadas Pachpore were placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, on Tuesday morning.

The police stated that following the explosions on April 14, a number of tins containing valuable oil meant for the military was removed to places of safety from the supply transport depot. But surprisingly when the goods were checked the tally revealed that one lorry load containing 14 drums was missing.

The total value of the misappropriated drums is estimated at Rs. 5,600.

The police suspect the accused of having disposed of the drums. All the arrested persons were enlarged on bail by the Court.

Fire In Sk. Memon Street Shop

A small fire broke out in one of the shops facing Juma Masjid, Sheikh Memon Street, at about 8-40 p.m. to-night. The shops belonged to Chimanlal V. Shah and Mansukhlal Nagji, shipchandlers and contractors. It spread to two adjoining cutlery shops and further on to a cloth shop in the same line. Two fire-engiiners qushed to the spot. The fire was brought under control within a quarter of an hour.

The damage is estimated at a few thousand rupees. The origin and cause of the fire are not known.

Fire Destroys U. P. Village

DEHRA DUN, May 2: Asarorhi, a village about fiv emiles from here, on Saharanpur-Dehra Dun road, consisting of more than a dozen huts is reported to have been completely destroyed by fire. One child and a horse are reported to have lost their lives, while three persons were taken to hospital in a precarious condition. —A. P.

SCHOOLS FOR GONDS
C. P. Governor's Assurance To Sarvarkar

BOMBAY, May 2.

"The Government have discontinued all assistance ti the Apostolic Mission in the current financial year. However, some primary schools conducted by the Mission continue to receive special grants but such grants are given to the schools maintained by the District Council. It is no monopoly of the school conducted by the Mission."

Thus observes H.E. the Governor of the Central Provinces and Berar in the course of his reply to a representation made by Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, regarding reported proselytising activities of the Missionaries in the Mandla District.

His Excellency assures Mr. Savarkar that the Government would extend all help and assistance to Hindu Missions desiring to open schools or work for the betterment of the Gonds.—United Press.

MIRAJ, May 2: A call for unity in the face of the trying times and for sinking all differences, political and provincial was made by the Hon. Dr. N. B. Khare, Member-in-Charge of the Department of Commonwealth Relations, Government of India, presiding over the Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Miraj Vidyarthi Sangh last evening.—United Press.

Balgandharva, who while summing up the two weeks' programme of the Marathi Stage Centenary on Friday morning expressed the hope that the Marathi stage had a bright future in store for it. His own performance as Rukmini in 'Swayamwar' made up for all his failure in 'Saubhadra'.

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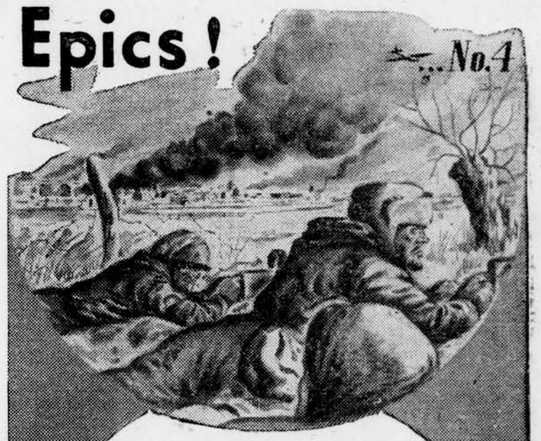
STALINGRAD
No greater tribute could be paid to the defenders of Stalingrad than Hitler's own admission of frustration. "In the present struggle our army has lost 350,000 dead... If anybody ask why we do not immediately take the remaining strong points held by the enemy in Stalingrad, I reply — because they are not worth a second Verdun... People say why are we taking so long over Stalingrad? We are taking so long because we do not want mass murder. Enough blood is flowing as it is." The heroism displayed by the Russians was only equalled by the prodigal recklessness of the German assault. Despite their appalling losses the Germans battled on in a foolhardy attempt to redeem the Fuhrer's pledge; Only the amazing tenacity and stolid bravery of the Russian defenders brought about their failure. In the pages of history Stalingrad will be written as one of the world's greatest victories.
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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, May 2: The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours on April 28:—

Allahabad 107 76 0, BOMBAY 93 78 0, Calcutta 84 75 0.3, Cawnpore 105 74 0, Cuttack 101 81 0, Darjeeling 59 51 0.7, Delhi 101 81 0, Dehra Dun 96 68 0, Jacobabad 106 71 0, Karachi 84 77 0, Lahore 98 73 0, Lucknow nil, Madras 99 82 0 Nagpur 108 85 0, Patna 99 78 0, Peshawar 88 68 0 Shillong 74 56 0, Simla 69 57 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Let others give aid and comfort to the despots. Be it ours to stand for liberty and justice, nor fear to lock arms with those who are called hotheads and demagogues, when the good cause requires.

—Charles A. Dana.

The Bombay Chronicle

HEED THE WARNING

The Bombay Government's communique issued on Sunday stated that Gandhiji's condition had continued to improve and that no further bulletin would be issued unless necessary. It has now found it necessary to publish Dr. B. C. Roy's report which says that "the improvement observed by Major-General Candy on Saturday had not been wholly maintained" and that, although there is no recurrence of fever and Gandhiji is in cheerful spirits "the level of blood pressure cannot be regarded as satisfactory." Further examination by specialists is being carried out, evidently because it has been found necessary. According to the latest Associated Press message, Gandhiji's condition has not shown any improvement since the attack of malaria he had a fortnight ago. But there is no sign whatever of Government releasing him even temporarily. He is, after all, its prisoner. What a Government!

The people of India, however, and many abroad are naturally distressed by the reports of Gandhiji's illness. At many May Day demonstrations in the country resolutions were adopted demanding his immediate release both in the interests of his health and the country's well-being. Just at present the all-important point of view is his health, if only because mighty things depend on that. It may be conceded that his jailors take good care of him so far as his food, medicines and such other needs are concerned. But freedom makes a world of difference in a man's mental health and indirectly his physical health. His apparent cheerful spirits should not deceive one into the belief that his condition is satisfactory beyond the need for any bulletin.

The case for his release on the ground of health alone becomes much stronger when it is considered from the political point of view. It has been urged that his release and that of other Congress leaders depends on themselves as they have only to call off the present campaign. This is adding insult to injury. It calls upon the leaders to assume responsibility for a movement which they did not launch, which they had not the time to launch even if they had the desire to start a movement like the one which immediately followed their arrest. Government's own "leonine violence", as Gandhiji put it, was responsible for it. Courts of law have declared that the movement was not launched by the Congress. Congress leaders would never accept responsibility for it however much their doing so may suit Government. On the contrary they have always enjoined complete non-violence, and a number of leaders have, after their release, re-emphasised that creed and condemned every trace of violence. Among the latest to do so is Mr. Nagindas Master, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Mayor of the City. Addressing the volunteers of the Rashtra Seva Dal who offered prayers on Sunday for Gandhiji's health, Mr. Master said that he and other Congress workers entirely dissociated themselves from all activities and methods of work not in consonance with the noble principles which had inspired and guided Congressmen for the last 25 years and that there was nothing in the resolution of August 8, 1942, which should warrant any departure from those noble principles and he appealed to all to stand firmly and undauntedly by those great principles and observe strict non-violence. Secondly, the political situation in the country now, with the Japanese on Indian soil and acute scarcity threatening a large part of the country is such that nothing will be lost but much will be gained by the release of all Congress leaders. The need for Gandhiji's release, in particular, is so compelling and so urgent, that we warn Government not to take more risks at such a time but to release him forthwith.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Devastating Raids

The relentless pounding to which "pre-invasion" targets in German-occupied Europe and in Germany itself are being subjected by Allied aircraft is obviously beginning to tell on German capacity for resistance. It is significant that the waves of bombers and other aircraft which flew on May 1 across the Channel and penetrated into France and Belgium and even into Germany as far as Aachen, delivering smashing attacks on railway centres, railyards, ammunition trains and other military objectives, did not meet with any opposition anywhere. Last month the U.S. Eighth Air Force alone is stated to have dropped over 24,000 tons of bombs on enemy objectives on the Continent and to have taken a toll of 800 planes in the air and 500 more on the ground. The record of the R.A.F. during the month cannot be much less. The damage sustained by the Luftwaffe, therefore, through all these devastating raids of the Allied aircraft must have been heavy, indeed. It is no wonder that the resisting power of the Luftwaffe should begin to show definite signs of a steady breakdown, despite all the attempts made at recuperation.

Worse Than Cinderella

No Indian will be enthused by the news that the Maharaja of Kashmir, Sir Feroze Khan Noon and Mr. Amery were present at the inaugural meeting of the Empire Prime Ministers. The meeting was a family affair of Britain and the Dominions, and India's place was worse than that of Cinderella. Nor can the Maharaja of Kashmir, Sir Feroze Khan Noon and Mr. Amery be called representatives of India in any sense of the term. Their presence was perhaps intended to give the appearance that India is on the point of being a Dominion. But nobody will be deceived by such tactics. It is said that India's "representatives" will participate in discussion of subjects which specially affect them. But we are sure that limitation is not imposed upon the Dominions. The subjects mentioned as likely to be discussed deal with various aspects of the war in almost all of which India is as much interested as are the Dominions. However, when India has no decisive voice, one need not care who is allowed to say ditto to what the Secretary of State says.

At Long Last

The Government of India and certain Provincial Governments have at long last decided to take steps to implement the proposal to produce in India 350,000 tons of artificial fertilizer as a short term measure to increase food supplies. Better late than never. There will still be much delay in getting the necessary plant from abroad. But it is something that shipping facilities and priorities have now been granted. Let us hope there will be no avoidable delay in putting the scheme into action. The food problem is becoming more and more acute and brooks no delay.

Dr. Khare's Vagaries!

MIRAJ, May 2.

Dr. N. B. Khare paid a visit to Bhanu Talim to-day where he unveiled a portrait of Mr. V. D. Savarkar. In the course of a short speech he said that in name the Congress was not communal, but it was always pro-Muslim, pro-Marwari, pro-Gujarati but anti-Maharashtrian.

Referring to the Hindu Mahasabha he said that it was not at all a communal organisation, but the Muslim League was so in word and deed. He further said that the plan of re-writing the history of India once more was being advocated by eminent Muslim leaders. Hindus must wake in time and knock down this plan.

Dr. Khare left for Kolhapur today 'en route' to Poona.—United Press.

HE TOOK PRIDE IN BEING CONGRESSMAN.

At a Kolhapur reception on April 27, Dr. Khare is reported have said with some warmth, according to our correspondent:

"I am still a Congressman and take pride in being one inspite of my differences with Gandhiji and others."

ANDHRA JOURNALISTS' SYMPATHY FOR CITY EXPLOSION VICTIMS

BEZWADA, May 2.—The Andhra Provincial Journalists' Executive Committee, which met here passed condolence resolutions on the deaths of Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi, Mr. V. Ramdas Pantulu and Mr. C. Vijayaraghavachari.

The Committee noted with regret the recent explosions at Bombay and while conveying its sympathy to the victims through Mr. S. A. Brelvi, President, All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference, demanded that an impartial enquiry be instituted by the Government.

The Committee accepted the invitation of the Rajahmundry Journalists' Association to hold the Andhra Provincial Journalists' Conference at Rajahmundry during the ensuing Godavari Pushkaram celebrations, and resolved to invite Mr. K. Rama Rao, Editor, "National Herald," Lucknow, to preside and Mr. Ramanath Goenka, Editor, "Indian Express," to open the Conference. The Committee also resolved to hold an All-India Newspaper Exhibition at Rajahmundry during the conference, which would be opened by Sir Vijaya of Vizianagram.

A Committee was set up to wait in deputation on the Madras newspaper proprietors to discuss and settle the grievances of working journalists.

Mr. V. Ramana Rao, Editor, "Indian Journalist", was "At Home" to the Committee members.—A.P.

PROSECUTION AGAINST SIND EDITOR TO BE WITHDRAWN

KARACHI, May 1.

On the intervention of the Sind Press Advisory Committee, the Sind Government have decided to withdraw the prosecution against Mr. Tilokchand Gopaldas, Editor of the 'Hind Samachar' who is being tried under the Defence of India Rules for publishing the Independence Day Number.—United Press.

JINNAH'S REPLY TO NON-MUSLIM MINISTERS

Pact With Sikandar And Muslim League Demand On Punjab Premier

LAHORE, May 2.

"So now at last the statement issued by the non-Muslim Ministers makes it clear that it is not the sanctity claimed by Malik Khizr Hyat Khan for the so-called Sikander-Jinnah Pact nor anything over and above it by way of secret commitments that may have been made as alleged and stated by Malik Khizr Hyat Khan recently, by his revered predecessor, Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan and himself, the nature of which has not up to the present movement been disclosed, which prevents them from entering into a coalition with the Muslim League but that the non-Muslim Punjab Ministers are ready and willing to agree to the formation of a League Coalition Ministry provided they are satisfied with regard to the points raised in their statement published in this morning's papers," says Mr. M. A. Jinnah in the course of a statement.

REPLY TO MINISTERS

He continues with regard to the first point (1) it is obvious to any intelligent man that an All-India understanding or settlement cannot be accomplished when they are dealing with only three non-Muslim Ministers in the Punjab, whose position is as follows:—

Sir Chhotu Ram does not represent more than nine Jat Hindu members of the Punjab Assembly and this is the only section behind him.

Sardar Baldev Singh does not represent more than ten members as his group consists of only ten Sikh members out of a total number of 28 Sikhs, and Sir Manohar Lal has no following of any kind whatsoever. In other words these three gentlemen together do not represent more than 20 members out of the total number of 175 members of the Punjab Assembly. The demand that we should come to an All-India settlement or understanding with them is on the face of it preposterous.

(2) Similarly, how can we come to any settlement with regard to Pakistan, which is an All-India question with these individuals? If such a course was adopted, the settlement or arrangement would be on the one hand binding on the Muslim League, which is undoubtedly the authoritative organisation of the Mussalmans of India but nobody else or no other organisation outside these three non-Muslim Ministers of the Punjab would be bound by any settlement that might be arrived at on this question. It is really surprising that this patent absurdity is not present to their mind.

Our proposal to form a League Coalition Ministry is under and within the limits of the present constitution and the Government of India Act 1935, as it is applied and worked in the Province of the Punjab. I regret I have failed to make them understand the elementary principles on which coalitions are formed or dissolved in any Legislature.

"INSIDIOUS TACTICS"

As regards the third point (C) this I can only characterise as insidious tactics intended to poison the mind of the public in England, America, India and elsewhere, as it contains insinuations that the Muslim League is opposed to war efforts and the successful prosecution of the war and they arrogate to themselves the right that they are the only champions and defenders of India.

Our policy has been made clear from the very commencement of the war and we have never put any difficulties or obstructions in the way of war efforts or embarrassed the British Government in any way whatsoever.

That has been made clear as an actual fact by the co-operation of the Muslim League Ministries in Bengal, Assam, the North-west Frontier Province and Sind and the same position will be continued in the Punjab, if we are able to form a Muslim League Ministry in the Province of the Punjab

REPRESSION WON'T DO

If the Government or the Government of India are misled, and the present Punjab Ministry under the false pretext that the Muslim League is opposed to war efforts is allowed to resort to repressive or oppressive measures or if they stifle the constitutional liberty of the people of the Punjab and the free independent working of the constitution, they will be making a very great mistake. In England during the midst of the war the Chamberlain Cabinet went and Mr. Churchill formed a new Cabinet and many changes have occurred since in his Cabinet. In Canada elections were held in the midst of the war and Cabinets have been formed. In Australia the Menzies Cabinet went and another Cabinet was formed in the midst of the war, and thereafter the Legislature was dissolved and fresh elections were held In India itself Mr. Fazlul Huq's Ministry went and the Muslim League Ministry was formed.

In Sind the Allahbux Ministry went and the Muslim League Ministry was formed. In the North-West Frontier Province Sec. 93 went and the Muslim League Ministry was formed. Therefore the question is: Is the present constitution under which we are working to function fully and freely and the constitutional liberty should not be interfered with or curtailed?

The present Legislature is now seven years old. We have repeatedly urged that fresh elections should be held but the Government has turned a deaf ear so far. Are we not entitled to make every legitimate effort to put our house in order and work the constitution under the present Government of India Act 1935? Either we should be allowed full freedom to work it or we must be definitely told to close down our shutters. But it will be a great blunder to interfere with constitutional liberties under the pretext that they might interfere with the war efforts, as we have already been threatened and informed in some sections of the Press that the Government have got ample and extraordinary powers which they can use, I hope that the Government will not abuse these powers and be stampeded into any hasty action.

As regards Sardar Baldev Singh's fear as reported in the Press that his joining the Muslim League Coalition Party would amount to his acceptance of Pakistan he is entirely wrong.

No party that enters a Coalition ever forswears its creed 'ipso facto' or is compelled by merely joining Coalition to acept the creed and ideals of the other party.

As regards the Sikh demand, I have repeatedly requested the Sikh leaders, including Sardar Baldev Singh, and even in my recent interviews with him last month repeated by request personally to make their proposals as to what they want and now I once again publicly request the Sikh leaders to acquaint me with their proposals as to what the Sikh community desires and as this is not an All-India question and is confined only to the Punjab we are ready and willing to come to any fair and equitable adjustment with them on behalf of the All-India Muslim League.—A. P.

WITH THE 14TH ARMY

First Day At Headquarters

By D. F. Karaka

"Chronicle's" War Correspondent.

II

The plane glided eastwards passing through the clouds to emerge over an airstrip where we landed. A jeep arrived to collect us and we drove through the dusty little town to the cluster of *bashas* which was the Press Camp, the Office of the ADPR 14th Army, and half a dozen other departments all together. Architecturally I suppose it could be described as belonging to the Second World War period. The predominant note was not of concrete but of thatch.

We had a late breakfast. The mess table was of dealwood and the few chairs gave you a precarious seat. On the other side of the partition was the living room of the mess. It was also the reading room: old magazines, an abundance of official propaganda pamphlets, "Victory".

I was then shown to my partitioned room in the press *basha* where other war correspondents also lived. In my canvas bucket I was given enough water to wash my hands and face. I changed from my battledress for it was very warm. Then we went over to see the ADPR who was a Lt. Colonel and our C.O. while we were there. But Colonel A. never made us feel he was a C.O. in the army sense of that word. He was a publisher in peace time and his firm, the House of Constable, had handled the works of men like Bernard Shaw. Someone told me that a new Shaw was on its way, but the great old man was still putting a few finishing touches to it with the result that the masterpiece still remained unfinished.

* * *

From there we were taken over to Army Headquarters to see the G. 1., who gave us a picture of the war as a whole and the happenings of the last forty-eight hours. The main activity was still in the Arakan, where only a few weeks ago had been fought the battle of the Ngayedauk Pass. It was here that the Jap had succeeded in encircling the 7th Indian Division in what was known as the Adam's Box, cutting it off from our other forces for some twenty-two days, until another Indian Division went to its relief and cleared the pass. To date this has been the epic of Arakan and the most dramatic action of the Burma war.

The first thing I learnt about this Burma war was that it was fought not in lines of trenches in the old sense of that term but rather in blobs or bloches. When so fought, the operation was known as a 'box operation". It was the key to Allied defence as perfected after two years' campaigning against the Jap. In the peculiar terrain of Burma and Arakan it was not found possible to fight in the old familiar way. The fighting to-day is in boxes. They defend in boxes, staying in it without budging, no matter how many circles the enemy may have made around them. The box becomes a sort of stone wall by nature of its formation. In such a box as this, slightly east of Buthidaung the 7th Div. had drawn itself in and stayed in against the sporadic attacks of the enemy. In the meanwhile another division came and cleared the road blocks made on the Ngayedauk Pass and reopened the line of communication. It was at that time that the Jap radios said that 7th Div. had been encircled and would soon be annihilated. The Jap not only failed to keep 7th Div. surrounded, but he had to withdraw to points South of Adam's Box and later to forego and abandon Buthidaung itself, which the Japs had long held. The full implication of all these operations, however, was difficult to understand all at once. Accustomed as I was to studying the war on paper it was difficult to follow it in reality.

* * *

When I left Bombay I was a little uncertain how much we war correspondents would be told about the war and how much we would be allowed to tell of what we saw. Many people in India are unclear about the position of a war correspondent. Therefore, it must be clarified that a war correspondent, as distinct from an Army Observer, does not belong to the Army nor is he paid by the Army. Though we wore uniforms and had the status of officers, we are still civilians in reality. We are the result of the privilege given by the army to the Press in wartime, which enables us to cover the war for our newspapers. While we are subject to censorship and can, therefore, be restrained from writing what may be undesirable from the point of view of security, we are not compelled to write anything we do not believe in.

I learnt one thing on this first day at Headquarters. It was that the Army had more respect for newspapermen and gave them more facilities than any civil department had ever given to newspapermen in India. I felt it quite a privilege to be a war correspondent and it was not without meaning that on our accreditation cards it was said in the name of the Supreme Commander, under whose authority our passes were issued: "..... He should be provided with every assistance to enable him to carry out his duties effectively....." Everywhere I went on the South-East-Asia Command I was conscious of that privilege. Time and again I found to my surprise that we were told by the S.E.A.C. much more about the happenings on that front than I had ever expected to be told, though for obvious reasons we could not use all this information of which we were in posession. The South-East Asia Command was only concerned with censorship from the point of view of security. The other censorship, namely, on policy, was more the concern of the India Command which came under the Commander-in-Chief of India, who, according to the present constitution, is not only the military head but also an ex-officio member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, which was in effect the Government of the country. The duplication of censorship was a little difficult from the point of view of Indian War Correspondents.

Most of that first morning was taken up visiting various high military officials and seeing some of the men we had only read about. All these names cannot be released until they are officially released but my first impression was that in general the war in Burma had brought to it that finer type of Englishmen as different from those we had met in politics and even commerce and industry with whom we had strong clashes of interests. The 7th Indian Division may have fought in a box, but there were no *bowdlas* among them. And even those among the men under that command who may have answered to that description sometime or the other seemed to have undergone a strange transformation under the pell of SEAC. It was not for nothing that Mountbatten had chosen the Phoenix as the emblem of SEAC. Like that great bird, the men, too, had risen.

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M. N. ROY'S 15,000-CRORE PLAN

Industry To Be Controlled, Profits Restricted And Agriculture In Forefront

A ten years' plan involving capital expenditure of Rs. 15,000 crores has been drawn up for the economic development of India by the Post-war Reconstruction Committee of the Indian Federation of Labour. The plan proposes reconstrution and reorganisation of agriculture and change in the motive of production from profits to use, and thus claims to provide for a wide distribution of the new wealth to be produced under it. Liquidation of the rentiers and the usurers with compensation, and introduction of collectivisation and the association of modern machinery with the process of agricultural production are some of the outstanding features of reorganisation and rationalisation of agriculture.

The plan aims at 400 per cent increase in agricultural production with a capital expenditure of Rs. 2,950 crores, part of which is devoted to bringing afresh about 50 per cent of the present sown area under cultivation. The expansion of industries aimed at is 600 per cent with a capital investment of 5,600 crores of rupees. The plan demands regid control over the industries existing at present with private capital invested in them, and restriction of profits from these industries to 3 per cent. All new industries to be started under the plan will be owned and controlled by the State.

A vast network of health and educational services as well as the provision of housing services to the entire rural population and the working and the lower middle classes in the urban areas has an important place in the plan. The expenditure estimated for these is Rs. 760, Rs. 1040 and Rs. 3,150 crores respectively. The plan indicates that this is simply an estimate of the most minimum that must be achieved during the period of ten years and there will always be scope for greater developments in those respects as more and more investable surplus accumulates in the hands of the planning authority.

1,500 CRORES FOR COMMUNICATIONS

Provision has also been made in the plan for the development of transport and communications in the country which will be demanded by the increase in the production and circulation of wealth. Development of the Railways by 60 per cent of roads by 160 per cent, as well as that of coastal shipping, inland navigation and ports etc., are all provided for so that there should be far more improved facilities for the exchange of commodities and services between the towns and the countryside. The allotment for this purpose is of Rs. 1,500 crores.

PER CAPITA INCOME

The plan refutes the possibility of judging the living conditions of the people from the calculations of national income or per capita income. Suggesting certain essential changes in the present socio-economic framework, it contends that the new wealth sought to be produced under it will be widely distributed and calculates a per capita income on the basis of the income available for consumption alone from agriculture and industries. This per capita income rises during the period of the plan from Rs. 33 to Rs. 123 and it is therefore, claimed that the common man of India will live four times better as a result of execution of the plan. In calculating the per capita income in this manner, the plan takes into account the increase in population during the period.

The plan would require an initial finance for the first three years of Rs. 1,600 crores. From the fourth year, the plan would become self-financing as a result of investable surplus accumulating in the hands of the planning authority. This surplus would be collected only after such income is left out for consummation by the community as it will find it in better living conditions during every year of the operation of the plan. The initial finance is to be obtained partly from the sterling balances, partly from the income from nationalised land, and partly through various measures of taxation, which will mobilise the wealth which is at present out of the process of production.

NETWORK OF CO-OPERATIVES

The plan suggests building up of a network of co-operatives in the country for the circulation of commodities and sale of goods at prices fixed by the state. Control over banks and other financial institutions as well as state monopoly of foreign trade and foreign financial transactions are also emphasised in the plan. The plan recommends nationalisation of the underground riches in the country.

The plan criticises the demand for a 'balanced economy' which is often used to emphasise that all that we have to do is to develop the industries in the country. The Indian economy is a backward economy. The plan, therefore, urges a development of both agriculture and industries for the attainment of economic progress and prosperity. Agriculture has been placed in the forefront of the plan, for agriculture affords the main channel of employment for a majority of the people and thus constitutes the proper basis of a planned economy for India. The ten-year plan can be conveniently split up into two five-year plans, the first devoted to agricultural development and the second to industrial growth.

The plan demands for its execution, the establishment of a People's Government in the country, a government in which all power, both legislative and executive, will be effectively exercised by the people themselves. The plan, with the objective of establishing such a government in the country, recommends the eighteen principles adopted by the Indian Federation of Labour in its last annual Conference at Bombay, as the fundamental principles for the future constitution of Free India.

The report of the Post-war Reconstruction Committee, outlining the plan has been submitted to the General Secretary of the Federation Mr. M. N. Roy, who has released it for public discussion.

(Copies of the report can be had of all prominent booksellers as well as from the office of the Bombay Branch of the Indian Federation of Labour, Ratilal Mansion, Parekh Street, Girgaum, Bombay 4.)

Indian Township Issue In South African Assembly

CAPTE TOWN, May 2: At question time in the South African Assembly, the Minister of the Interior, Mr Clarkson, replying to Mr. W. Bawden (United Party) said an application has been made to him for the establishment of an Indian township on a portion of the farm 'Ormonde' near Johannesburg.

Mr. Bawden: "Has the Minister's attention been drawn to the views expressed by a large body of Johannesburg citizens on the question of establishment of such areas for non-European occupation contiguous to city boundaries and will he undertake any action of this kind only after consultation and agreement with the City Council, Johannesburg?

The Minister: The matter has been discussed with the responsible committee of the Johannesburg City Council, whose views are awaited."—Reuter.

"CASTE MUST GO"

I must make it clear that my object in writing this series of letters is not to judge or condemn; nor is it to 'hunt' (to use the silly and hysterical expression used by Mr. Munshi) any person or community or culture. My object is to present and emphasise facts which must be taken into account for a just and honest consideration of this difficult and important problem, and which are as a rule evaded or glibly glossed over. One such gloss is the very common cant that no idea of higher and lower, and no contempt on the part of the higher for the lower, is implied in the institution of four castes. We must learn to face unpleasant or unpalatable facts unflinchingly. We cannot wish or idealise them away; and we cannot get round them by pretending they don't exist. This pretence and make-believe has not done us any good; in fact it has done immense harm inasmuch as it has induced us to believe that 'God's in His heaven', and all's well with India, and that mere slogans and catch phrases and glib assurances are enough to meet and refute such facts. And one such undeniable fact is that the idea of higher and lower is inevitably at the very root of the caste system. It must not be forgotten that in the Chhandogya text quoted by me the categories are definitely in a descending order,—dog, and hog, and untouchable; just as in the previous half of the text, the categories enumerating those of 'good birth'—Brahmana, and Kshatriya, and Vaishya—are in a descending order Exactly similar is the descending order in the famous Gita verse 'Vidyavinayasampanne' &c. (V 18), and there, too, the 'dog-eater' (Chandala) is lower than the 'dog'—as I pointed out twenty years ago in a controversy with the late Rao Bahadur P. B. Joshi.

No wonder, then, that after years of 'Harijan Uplift', when the 'Change' and 'No Change' controversy arose in the Congress camp over the question of Council entry, the slogans of the 'No-Changers,'—the real followers of the true doctrine of civil disobedience, 'ahimsa' and 'Harijan Uplift',—unconsciously reflected this idea of contempt and aversion for the Antyajas. Leaders of huge Khaddar-clad crowds used to ask the question, 'Who will go into the Councils',—and the vast crowds used to shout the answer: 'Dheds jashe, Bhangi jashe; Mahar jashe, Chamar jashe, (Dheds and Bhangis will go, Mahars and Chamars will go), —meaning, of course, that all who entered the Councils would fall to the unspeakably low level of these Antyajas.

At the other end of the scale of spiritual values is the flower of Malabar Brahminism, the Nambudri Brahmin who will, if possible, not pour any liquid out of his vessel into that of even any other class of Brahmins for fear of 'stream' pollution: a highly educated 'Aiyar' (i.e., Shaiva Brahmin) tells me that if the Nambudri must pour any water or milk into even an Aiyar's cup, he will pour it with exquisite jerky breaks in the continuous stream, technically called 'dhara murikkuga'. Nor are such extreme ideas of caste supremacy confined to Malabar. The Kanaujas in the North will not eat anything prepared by any other Brahmins; the Hindi 'Chand' wrote a few years ago, "the father of Sangathan, Malaviyaji will not dine at the house of a low Malaviya even" (Arya Prakash' 12-2-28); and our Vadnagra Nagars will not eat the 'rasol' of the Prashnora Nagars. My late friend Narasinharao Divatia told me the story of a highly educated Vadnagra —a 'triple' graduate and a staunch Khadi wearer—who once said with evident disapproval of a fellow-casteman 'ene Prashnorani rasoi khadhi chhe,'—'he has eaten a Prashnora's food.' I have repeatedly asked, and ask again, how a social polity so split horizontally and vertically into innumerable exclusive, water-tight (in two senses of the word), non-commensal, strictly endogamous groups can absorb and assimilate the instinctively despised and abhorred and shunned. Antyajas:—and how, again, such a communion can hope to be a modern democratic nation.

I repeat, it is not my object to judge or condemn; it is not for an outsider like me to judge or condemn what is a matter of religious faith and conviction to hundreds of millions of Hindus. As Mr. Munshi said in his immortal 'overreaching' harangue at Cawnpore in another connection: "It is a faith.....strong and overreaching.....a faith inspired and supported by the genius of our social order, a faith which is founded on Dharma." Exactly; you have touched the point with a needle,' as Cicero said to the obstreperous senator who in private life was a tailor. Although 'Independent India' (19-12-43) quotes this passage and unkindly calls it "apparently meaningless jargon", I fully agree with what Mr. Munshi says if it is applied to the problem of untouchability. It is because untouchability is certainly 'founded on Dharma,' and 'inspired and supported by the genius of our social order,' that 'we' cannot absorb and assimilate these teeming millions whom 'we' cheerfully allow to perish by the hundred thousand as in Bengal, while 'we' strain every nerve to save the cow, a holy animal definitely and incomparably higher in the scale of being,—again in accordance with 'Dharma' and 'the genius of our social order.' It is no use arguing about or with such faith. But the inescapable facts are there: and the inevitable conclusion to be drawn from them is that the caste Hindus cannot, and will not, absorb and assimilate the Untouchables and also the Aborigines. Caste Hindus have yet to absorb and assimilate one another; even the Brahmins cannot fuse into one homogenous caste or people: let alone the Brahmins of all India, even those of any one linguistic group, such as, for example, the Dakshini Brahmins cannot. Intermarriages even among the four most allied groups, Deshastha, Chitpavan, Devrukha and Karhada, are so rare that they are hailed as instances of commendable 'social reform' as the 'Dnyan Prakash' recently did when such a marriage took place in a Southern Maratha State. Even in the election of Directors of a Co-operative Bank, the Deshastha Konkanastha quarrel arises. ('Kal', 17-9-43). There was quite a storm in a teapot (or, to be exact, in the panchapatri) when a son of Mr. M. S. Aney married a Gaud Saraswat lady in 1939. ('Dnyan Prakash,' 27-5-39). The reason is that the four 'premier' Brahman castes do not regard the Sarasvats as their equals, or even as real Brahmins. The great nationalist Chiplunkar, in his 'Nibandhamala' classed them once as being distinct from Brahmins, and the late Mr. Gunjikar raised a protest against the classification. This was about sixty years ago; but, about a generation and a half later, the 'Kesari' resorted to exactly the same classification, and then the 'Vividh Vritta' protested vigorously. Even the Adi Gauds refuse to have anything to do with the Saraswats. The bewildering multiplicity of caste conferences and caste magazines—I remember to have counted about a hundred such magazines in the Gujarati and Marathi languages alone a few years ago—bears striking testimony to this tendency to divide and sub-divide that seems to be growing rather than decreasing. Mr. K. Venugopal wrote in the 'Modern Review' some years ago: "In our midst we witness the staggering incongruity of the Non-co-operators being actively associated with communal organisations pledged to uphold the caste system and all the abuses pertaining to it, such as untouchability, etc.....In their own spheres of activity they make democracy in religion and society impossible." ('M.R.' April 1928). Quite true.

In my next letter I shall give the views on the caste system expressed by persons whom even Mr. Munshi will not dare to call 'bitter enemies of Hindus, Hinduism and Hindu culture.'

S. R. SANJANA.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Meanwhile developments in the Punjab make all the more imperative an immediate settlement of India's communal differences, which are leading the country straight to disruption. Surely Mr. Gandhi and the Congress leaders must realise that all other considerations which keep them where they are today are as dust compared with the necessity of solving this vital problem on which India's future depends.

ANGLO-INDIA.

* * *

A tennis star has distinguished himself on the Kohima front.

The Japs, however, complain that he did not give them a love game, love set!

* * *

The T. U. C. objection has been over-ruled by the I. L. O. Conference and the Indian Federation of Labour nominee has been accepted as duly accredited.

Jamnadasji Ki Jai!

* * *

Three-Way Attack On Germany

—Headline.

Land, Air—and Propaganda!

* * *

Five members of the Viceroy's National Defence Council are now in Cairo.

The report does not mention their names. Even if it did you would not know them!

* * *

Increased pay is announced for Viceroy's Commissioned Officers of the Indian army.

It seems they will be getting almost as much as the British privates get!

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague)

(1) *The Second Front has been opened—at Kohima! It is the Allied Front against Kohima!*

(2) *The British garrison inside Kohima has expanded its perimeter but the Japanese periphery is still inclined towards the Axis and the strategic barometer still points to "Uncertain", even though advance elements are going at a tangent.*

(3) *A hill becomes a hill feature when a mere journalist becomes a war correspondent.*

(4) *As Mr. Amery is representing India at the Empire Conference, Mahatma Gandhi will represent Britain at the Peace Conference.*

(5) *The Mahuraja of Kashmir, on behalf of the princely order, is present at the Empire Conference to lend colour and glamour to the gathering.*

(6) *Sir Feroze Khan Noon is, next to Mr. Amery himself, the fittest representative of the dumb, driven 400 millions of India!*

United Nations' Art Exhibition

The All-India United Nations Services Art Exhibition, which is held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, has proved to be a fruitful endeavour of the Bombay Art Society to bring to light the work of the artists —professionals and amateurs—who are in the armies, navies and air-forces of the United Nations and are stationed in India. The exhibition, which is the first of its type in India, is not, as one might have imagined it to be, a pictorial record of the war. It represents art which is a genuine expression of the soldier-artists, unaffected by the conditions under which they are living. The exhibits, which are nearly 400, include oil paintings, water-colours and black and white impressions. They are contributed by the artists of the different ranks and nationalities.

The section, which is rich and varied and which presents maximum material of interest is that of water colours. Sgt. J. Milford Zornes, who has won the President's Prize of Rs. 300 the highest award—has to his credit a set of fine water colours. Other artists who have submitted work of good quality are Capt. J. S. Goodall, Lt. T. E. Burill, Major R. H. Sams, A. Taylor, Capt. W. B. Henderson and Capt. B. W. J. Olley. A few Indian paintings by the Indian Artists are also included in this section.

The next in importance is the oil-section. The art of portraiture is efficiently represented by the group of portraits by Lt. Col. Simon Elwes. M. S. Litten has secured the merited prize of Rs. 200 for his "Portrait" (174). Other exhibits, which are worthy of notice, are "Bazar Scene" (172) by Major F. C. Thorn, "Fleet Mail Office" (185) by F. Andrews, "Kulu Valley" (192) by Capt. D. Fowler and "The Drum Dancers" (196) by Capt. W. B. Henderson.

The Black and White Section is large but less encouraging. Even then one does not fail to pick up some good work. The sets of the exhibits by Pvt. Bernard Berg and Sgt. George Conrad are conspicuous by their respective styles and by the subjects selected by them. Sgt. M. J. C. Larwood's "Our Little Life is Rounded With a Sleep" (307) and Sgm. W. A. A. Arnold's "Billets" (353) are delightful impressions. The oil-paintings by Captain C. Raffaele and Lieut. B. Ettore the Italian prisoners of war form a group by themselves.

D. G. V.

COPIES OF "WAR AGAINST PEOPLE" SEIZED

JUBBULPORE May 1: In response to the Bengal Government's advice and armed with a search warrant the Jubbulpore City Police suprisingly raided the residence of Mr. J. N. Bhatnagar, a pleader and seized about 327 copies of the "War Against the People", a book recently published by Mr. Bhatnagar. The Bengal Government proscribed Mr. Bhatnagar's book for its publication.—United Press.

SAVARKAR ALLOWS PUNJAB HINDUS FULL DISCRETION

Will Not Make Any Commitment Without Consulting Local Leaders

LAHORE, May 1.

An assurance to Hindu Sabha leaders of the Punjab that he would not make any commitment on their behalf and would leave almost everything to their discretion is contained in Mr. V. D. Savarkar's reply to a letter addressed to him by Raja Narendranath and other leaders.

Mr. Savarkar in the coures of his reply says: "You may rest assured that no commitment on my part would be made unless and until I secure the benefit of consulting the vigilence board and other Hindu leaders in the Punjab.

In fact I shall leave all details and even the general policy so far as the Punjab is concerned substantially to your judgement.

I hope your committee will keep me informed of any material decision before any important actual step is taken which directly or indirectly is likely to affect Punjab Hindus.

My policy will be to leave almost everything to the discretion of the local Hindu leaders.—A. P.

Congress And Mahasabha Indignant Over Dismissal

CALCUTTA, April 30.

Opinions are naturally divided on the League-Unionist tangle in Punjab but on one point all opinions seem to be the same, that is, on the point of dismissal of Capt. Shaukat Hayat Khan.

While Congress and Mahasabha circles are jubilant on Mr. Jinnah's failure to bring Punjab into League's fold, nevertheless most of them at the same time are most emphatic in condemning the dismissal of Capt. Shaukat Hayat and characterise the same as arbitrary, unconstitutional, wholly improper and unjustified. +Orient Press.

Qaid-e-Azam Refuses To Define Pakistan

Attitude Of Non-Muslim Ministers In Jinnah-Hyat Khan Controversy

LAHORE, May 1.

The position taken up by the three non-Muslim Ministers during the recent negotiation between Mr. Jinnah and Malik Khizr Hyat Khan is revealed in a joint statement issued to-day by Choudhry, Sir Chhotturam, Revenue Minister, Mr. Manoharlal, Finance Minister, and Sardar Baldev Singh, Minister for Development.

The statement says:

In Mr. Jinnah's letter of April 27 to the Premier there is reference to certain proposals on which Mr. Jinnah wished to ascertain the views of the non-Muslim members of the Cabinet. In this connection the whole background of the situation is explained below.

Mr. Jinnah requested the Premier to ascertain the grounds of our objection to the formation of a Muslim League or Muslim League coalition ministry in the Punjab. The written statement which we handed to the Premier on the subject runs as follows:

"There are many cogent grounds on which we consider the formation of a Muslim League or Muslim League coalition ministry or any ministry bearing a communal name in the Punjab or any other province to be worn morally, constitutionally and politically.

Without entering into a discussion of these grounds we propose to answer the question put to us by the Premier in the following words:—

We can consider the question of our joining a Muslim League or Muslim League cotlition ministry as an emergency measure only if the formation of such a ministry in the Punjab is a part of an All-India understanding and the idea of Pakistan is abandoned for the period of the war, and in order to enable all concerned to judge the merits of the scheme, its precise political and constitutional implications are fully explained and the geographical boundaries of the Punjab under the scheme of Pakistan as well as the principles to be adopted for the fixation of such boundaries are indicated as clearly practicable and an unequivocal assurance is given in a resolution formally adopted by the League that the League will unconditionally support to all forms of war effort until final victory is won.

JINNAH DICTATES

The following comments reduced to writing by the Premier to the dictation of Mr. Jinnah were received by us:

The proposed coalition is confined only to the Punjab and under the present constitution; therefore the question raised is irrelevant and the League cannot form an All-India understanding merely with two groups that are willing to come into the Muslim League coalition party.

The question raised in this clause (B) cannot be settled only with two groups in the local legislature, as this is an All-India question.

The policies of the League has been made quite clear with regard to the war effort and that question cannot be discussed with groups in the Punjab Assembly and is therefore, outside our present purpose.

We are, however, willing to make it clear if it necessary although it is obvious, that by the entry of any group or groups into the Muslim League coalition party it is clearly understood that the group that enters this proposed coalition would be in any way prejudiced or bound not to follow their respective creeds and general policy and programme.

Coalition is always at provisional arrangement which may be understood between the respective groups and within the arrangement they would be carrying on the Ministry over the Government of the province and adopt such administrative and legislative measures as would be within the main principles of the arrangement and understanding which would bring certain groups within the proposed coalition.

REPLY TO JINNAH

The reply in writing which we handed to the Premier on receipt of these comments runs as follows: We note with great regret and surprise that these comments are not indicative of any desire to come to terms. We drew attention to certain conditions which would make it easy to form a Muslim League coalition Ministry in the Punjab with prospects of smooth and successful working.

The detention of Pakistan (and) other relevant consequences which would follow upon the establishment of Pakistan is absolutely essential, particularly in the Punjab which is, according to Mr. Jinnah himself the corner-stone of any scheme of Pakistan.

The non-Muslim minorities of the Punjab are vitally interested in an elucidation of the problems so closely associated with Pakistan.

Mr. Jinnah's comments can offer no comfort or satisfaction to anybody. In fact they seem to be visibly evasive and suggest a compiete reluctance to face the issues inherent in Pakistan.

To bring in the plea of the All-India character of Pakistan as a bar to an answer to a question put by the representatives of the Punjab minorities is to forget the fundamental principles recognised by All-India parties that a settlement effecting one of more constituent parts of India shall not be arrived at one without full and free consent of the minorities concerned.

The attitude of any political organisation towards war effort is of immeasurably greater importance to the Punjab than, perhaps to the whole of the rest of India put together.

The Punjab is committed to whole hearted and unconditional support of war effort To enter into a coalition with a political organisation the attitude of which towards the war effort remains hedged in by so many conditions and permits of withdrawal from war effort at any moment, will be courting discruption within a very short time. The Punjab which has sent approximately one million men to the army, cannot view with indifference or complacency any attitude which is characterised by such elements of vagueness and uncertainty.

We sent these statements of our views along with Mr. Jinnah's comments to the press for publication without any comment from ourselves. —A. P.

The Government of Bombay has amended clause 7B of the Bombay Cotton Cloth Dealers Licensing Order, 1943. Under the amended clause all dealers in cloth have to submit quarterly stock returns, by February 10, May 10, August 10 and November 10 in each year, showing the stocks held by them on the last day of the preceding month. The form in which the returns are to be submitted also has been simplified. The first return in the revised form is to be submitted by August 10, 1944, showing the stocks held on July 31, 1944.

The Government of Bombay is continuing for another year the scheme of granting house building advances to subsidised medical practitioners and has provided Rs. 5,000 for this purpose.

Calcutta Streets To Be Made Cleaner

New Mayor Discusses Question With Municipal Officials

CALCUTTA, May 1.

A conference convened by the newly-elected Mayor and the Deputy Mayor of Calcutta discussed the question of keeping Calcutta streets cleaner.

The Chief Engineer and the Special Officer said at the Conference that systematic efforts were being made by the department to remove garbage from streets and dustbins with the least possible delay. So long, however, as there was dearth of lorries and of petrol, the efficiency of the service could not be improved. They added that garbage of the city had increased by over 30 per cent while the strength of the conservancy lorry fleet had gone down by over 40 per cent.

The Conference decided that the Department should prepare a detailed note on the subject to show what measures were required to increase the efficiency of the service. It also directed the Publicity Officer to carry on educative propaganda on an extensive scale to secure the complete co-operation of citizens in keeping the city clean.

The Conference was atended among others by the Chief Executive Officer, Mr. S. Chatterji, the Health Officer, Dr. M. U. Ahmad, the Chief Engineer, Mr. P. C. Bose, the Special Officer, Dr. B. N. Dey, the Publicity Officer, Mr. J. Neogy and the District Engineers —A. P.

Mr. P. N. Chandavarkar Retires

Mr. P. N. Chandavarkar C.I.E. handed over charge of the office of Collector of Customs and proceeded on three months' leave, preparatory to retirement on Monday.

Mr. Chandavarkar has had a distinguished career in Government service since he joined the Customs in January 1914 as Assistant-Collector. He served successively in Bombay, Madras, Calcutta, and Karachi. He became Collector of Customs in 1936 and was promoted to be Collector of Customs, selection post, in 1940. In 1937 he was posted to Bombay, where he had served since. He has been a popular official, both with the public with whom he had to deal and with his fellow-officers and subordinates. His retirement is a great loss to the service.

Mr. & Mrs. P. N. Chandavarkar

PARKER PENS' CEILING PRICES

CALCUTTA, May 2: The Deputy Controller of Civil Supplies, Government of India Eastern Circle in a Press Note says that a shipment of Parker fountainpens is expected to arrive in India very shortly when Government propose to further reduce the controlled ceiling prices of Parker pens and pencils.—Orient Press.

CITY MARKETS

Bombay, May 2.

SHARES: The Steel section maintained its onward march reaching new heights today. Tata Defferds opened around Rs. 2,095 and continued to advance and reached Rs. 2,125 within one hour. Textiles were dull but were steady thanks to the bullish trend of the Steel section. There was slight improvement in Insurance and Bank Scrip. In cements there was good inquiry.

Following were the closing quotations.

Tata Defferds Rs. 2,135. Tata Ordy. 412; I. Iron 36/6; Hen. Steel 27/12 Bombay Dyeings 122/8; Century 950; Kohinoor 671 Nagpur 433; Gokak 671; Swadeshi 627; Asso. Cement 334/8; New India Insurance 80; Jupiter 334/2; Vulcan 34; Scindia 34/8.

GOLD & SILVER: Reserve Bank is reported to have delivered 1,00,000 tolas of Gold today at Rs. 74/14 and 75/11 and more tenders are likely to be accepted on Wednesday. On this information the local market ruled easy.

Gold delivery opened around Rs. 75-2 and declined to Rs. 74-8. Silver delivery is quoted at Rs. 136. Gold (delivery) closed at Rs. 74/12 and silver closed steady at Rs. 136/10.

COTTON: Delivery orders for 13,350 bales were presented yesterday and the market now awaits the survey results. The question of Government purchases is not yet finally settled. Meanwhile the market remains steady.

I C C July position opened round Rs. 438-8 and improved upto Rs. 439-8. Later on light liquidation the quotation hovered round Rs. 436.

The following are the closing quotations: I C C May Rs. 415/4; July Rs. 439/4; and September Rs. 451.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 1.

May 21.06, July 20.54, October 19.80. Middling Spot 21.51.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, May 1.

May 21.19, July 20.68, October 19.81 Middling Spot 20.70.

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL

New York, May 1.

May 21.11, July 20.59, October 19.83.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, May 2.

The following are today's quotations:

SUGARS & BREWERIES: Deccan (big) 39; Deccan (small) 88/8; Indian Sugar 25/8 Mysore Sugar 66/4; South India 14/6.

PLANTINGS: Cochin Malabar 18/10; Chembra Peaks 12/6; Kalasa 15/8; Ouchterlony 17/6; Thirumbadi 5/2; Vellamalai 2/12; Vellitam 36.

TEXTILES: Bangalore wool 463; Buckingham Karnatak Ordy 339; Cambodia 37/6; Coimbatore Pioneer 400; Coimbatore C.M. 280; Janardhana 156/8; Kothari Tex. 34; Madura 72; Palani Andavar 213; Mettur 325.

MISCELLANEOUS: And. Cement 106; Bruntons 17/12; Mysore Chemicals and Fertilizers 38/8; Mysore Paper 33/8; Mysore Chemical Mfrs. 44/8; Mettur Defd. 10/8.

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

A Press Communique issued by the Manager Reserve Bank of India, Bombay says:

Tenders for Rs. four crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 2nd May 1944. Total amount offered was Rs. 13,14,50,000—(Rupees twelve crores fourteen lakhs fifty thousand only). Tenders at Rs. 99/13/6 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99/13/3 allotted approximately 70 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. Four crores, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re.0/10/11 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Four crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday the 9th May, 1944 in Bombay upto 11 a.m. (S T) and upto the close of business of Monday the 8th May 1944 at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 12th May 1944. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 28th April 1944, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,35,00,000 (Rupees two crores thirty-five lakhs only) were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Fiendish Dacoits Loot Shop And Commit Murder

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A sensational dacoity was committed in the early hours of this morning when a cloth merchant's pedhi in Modi Building at First Hanuman Lane was looted and set fire to by a gang of six persons who also added a ghastly note to the happenings by murdering a man who tried to offer resistance.

The police were immediately informed and a number of Police officials which included the Police Commissioner and Inspector Quilter went to the spot. The six dacoits who left no trace of their identity are being sought by the police.

KARACHI BRANCH OF EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA AND AFRICA LTD. OPENED

At an impressive gathering, at which were present leading businessmen and industrialists, the Premier of Sind, Sir Ghulamhusein Hidayatullah performed the opening ceremony, on 1st May (Monday), of the Karachi Branch at Nicol Road, of the Exchange Bank of India and Africa Ltd., Bombay.

CALCUTTA, May 2: The War Transport Member, Sir Edward Benthall, left Calcutta to-day after a week's visit during which he discussed the question of transportation of food-grains, coal and other essential commodities with His Excellency the Governor, the Chief Minister and officials of the Bengal Government.—A P.

WASHINGTON, May 1: The Construction of additional landing craft for invasion operations costing 585 crores of rupees was authorised on Monday This expenditure is additional to the navy budget bill already passed by Congress.—Reuter.

THIS IS NOT A PROSPECTUS BUT AN ANNOUNCEMENT

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Prospectus and other particulars can be obtained from the Head Office.

Consent of Central Government has been obtained under fence of India Rules 94-A to further Issue of capital: Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or the correctness of any Statement made or opinion expressed with regard to them.

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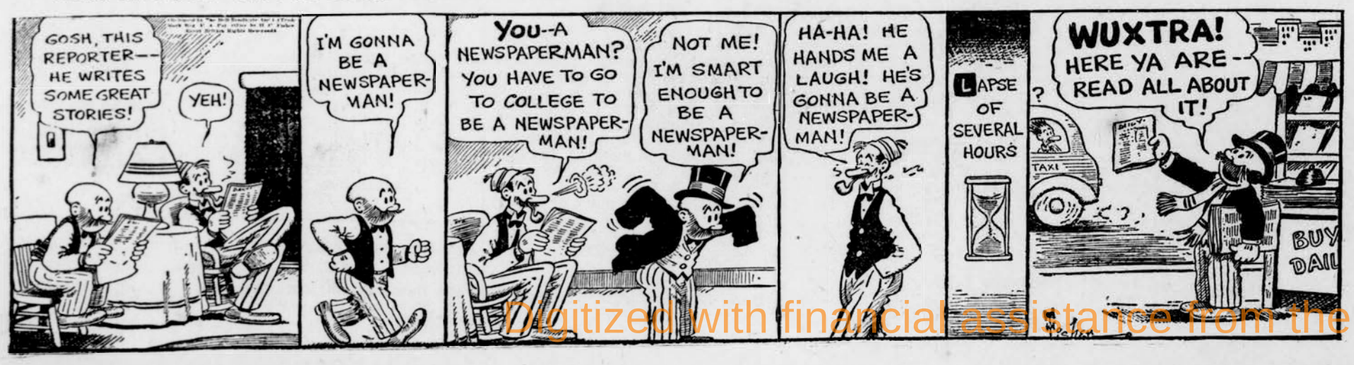
GOSH, THIS REPORTER-- HE WRITES SOME GREAT STORIES!
YEH!
I'M GONNA BE A NEWSPAPER-MAN!
You--A NEWSPAPERMAN? YOU HAVE TO GO TO COLLEGE TO BE A NEWSPAPER-MAN!
NOT ME! I'M SMART ENOUGH TO BE A NEWSPAPER-MAN!
HA-HA! HE HANDS ME A LAUGH! HE'S GONNA BE A NEWSPAPER-MAN!
LAPSE OF SEVERAL HOURS
WUXTRA! HERE YA ARE-- READ ALL ABOUT IT!
TAXI
BUY DAIL

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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LOST & FOUND

One Spare Wheel with Tyre & Tube 700x16 from our Karbogaz Demonstration Car between Andheri and Bombay on the 28th April. Finder, please communicate with Karbogaz Manufactory, 4/6, Duncan Road Bombay 8, Phone 40910. 4795

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Sole Canvassers on commission to sell Radio-Sets, Cycles, Sewing Machines, Machinery, Books on instalments. The Indian Instalment Supply Co., Ltd., Gwalior C. I. (Branch). (4559)

Wanted an experienced and Hindi knowing private tutor for children of about 3 years age to coach them on Montessory system. Apply stating experience, qualifications, age, and salary acceptable, with copies of testimonials, to J. Dalmia, Bharat Buildings, Lahore. 8676

Wanted Typist for a Solicitors' Firm: one knowing Short-hand preferred: Salary according to qualifications: Apply Messrs. Meh a Laljee & Co. Oak Lane, Fort. 4797

Wanted Matrics, Non Matrics for sub offices establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply The Indo Finance & Transportation Corporation, Delhi. 4801

Wanted Scholars to write Text Books in Hindi on various subjects such as Banking, Currency, Finance, Transport and Communications, Insurance, Commercial subjects, Science, Chemistry and Engineering. Please apply stating terms and previous experience to Bhartiya Siksha Parishad. 238, Chittaranjan Avenue, Calcutta. (4783)

Wanted Immediately A Stenographer, either sex, accurate and strong in English. Submit applications with full details mentioning minimum salary required personally at 3 p.m. To-morrow: Mohan Sons & Co., Manekj Wadia Building, Opp. University Gardens, Bombay. 4796

Wanted Actors and Actresses. Apply sharp to Film T. Bureau, P.B 149, Lahore.

Wanted stockists and Distributors for Indian made pencils, foot rules and wooden cigarette cases. Only experienced firm need apply with their bank reference:—V. C. Ramalingam & Sons, 2/422 Mint Street, Madras. (8572)

Wanted Graduate, Undergraduate male or female Teachers. Trained or qualified preferred. Apply personally or write to Principal, Matunga Premier School, Matunga G. I. P. (4781)

Wanted skilled Turners and Fitters, experienced men may apply to Box No. 4798, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Representatives on attractive terms for Agency Offices to be opened at Ahmedabad, Surat, Ahmednagar and Poona for Bengal Share Dealers' Syndicate Ltd. for conducting share-dealing business. Apply sharp to Mg. Director, Bengal Share Dealers' Syndicate Ltd. "Share Dealers' House", 12, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta. (8687)

Assistant Director, Music Director, Cameramen, Technicians, Typist Girls. Apply stating age, experience, qualifications, minimum salary: Nitin Pictures Post Box 1128, Bombay. 4735

FLATS WANTED

Wanted two or three room flat for small Hindu family, Bombay. Willing to accept owner's conditions. Write Box No 4785 "Bombay Chronicle"

GODOWNS WANTED

Wanted spacious Godowns Write with particulars of Floor area and rent to Tomco, P. O. B. 523, Bombay or Phone 23263 (4776)

BOARDING & LODGING

Wanted by a Highly educated Indian Board and Lodging with a cultured family. Prepared to pay good sum. Apply with terms to Box No. 4794, "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Forms for Senior Cambridge Examination may yet be sent with late fees. Mathematics, Second Language Omissible. Oral Postal Training. Bombay Tutorial College, Opposite Jermahal, Dhobi Talao. 4793

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Sole Agents for Bombay and for each district in Presidency for most popular and world renowned patent medicines. Capable hands can make thousands of rupees each month. Apply S. P. Works Kapurthala (Punjab). (4799)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale Triple Evaporator, Centrifugal Machine, Air Compressor Pump, Air Compressor with Electric motor in perfect working order. Write for full particulars, c/o. Box No. 4749B, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Sale one 2nd hand Lancashire Boiler together with Economiser in perfect working order. For full particulars write to Box 4749A "Bombay Chronicle".

A Sewing Thread Industry is a paying job and can be easily handled. Consult Apollo Engineering Co., Apollo Street, Bombay. (4775)

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted a D. C. Generator with 110 Volts or 200 and 200 K. W. coupled with a Steam Engine or Oil Engine. Please send particulars with minimum quotations to Post Box No. 4774, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT Announcements. Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the **rate of Rs. 12-0-0 per inch**

TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of the following articles of uniform to the Officers of the Bombay City Police Force for a period of one year ending with the 1st May 1945. Local contractors of Bombay need only submit their tenders.

1. White Drill Suits
2. Helmets.
3. Forage Caps.
4. Cap badges.

Tenders should be superscribed as "Tender for Officers Uniforms" and submitted to the Undersigned before 12-0 Noon on the 15th May 1944. Further information if required can be had from Head Police Office (Accounts Branch) Bombay No. 1.

(Sd.) N. R. NAYAMPALLI,
Dy. for Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 1st May, 1944.
(8780)

DEVKARAN NANJEE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Company's Registered Office, Devkaran Nanjee Buildings, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 18th May, 1944, at 3 p. m. (S.T.)

1. To Receive and adopt the Directors' Report, Audited Balance Sheet, Revenue and Profit and Loss Accounts for the year ended 31st December 1943.
2. To Elect Directors in place of those that retire under the Articles of Association but being eligible offer themselves for re-election.
3. To Appoint Auditors for the Current year and to fix their remuneration.

and

4. To Transact such other business as may be placed before the meeting by the Chairman

By Order of the Board,
SURESH K. DESAI,
Manager.

Bombay, 1st May, 1944.

N.B.:—The Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 11th May to the 25th May 1944, both days inclusive. (8689)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS INVITED to fill temporary non-gazetted appointments in Survey of India which will be for duration of war subject to termination on one month's notice. Initial pay according qualifications, minimum Rs. 80/- for graduates, Rs. 60/- for Intermediates, annual increments not less than Rs. 10/-. Incumbents will be considered for appointment to Upper Subordinate Service carrying maximum pay of Rs. 240/- per mensem, with chances promotion gazetted appointments carrying maximum pay Rs. 600/-. If permanently appointed service in temporary post counts for leave and pension.

Candidates must be physically fit and between 18 and 25 years of age on 1st August 1944; must have passed degree examination of recognized University with mathematics or Geography or Intermediate examination in first division with mathematics (those with free hand and map drawing qualifications preferred) and must be willing join Survey Supplementary Reserve for which 25% additional pay granted. Reservists have liability active military service with Indian Survey Units in or out of India. When mobilized emoluments are further enhanced upto 100% according to local conditions.

Application forms, obtainable from Deputy Director, Map Publication 13, Wood Street, Calcutta, or from O.C. No. 6 Detachment, Survey of India, 2 Lavelle Road, Bangalore, or from Director, Frontier Circle, Survey of India, Murree, Punjab, must be submitted to reach Director, Frontier Circle, Survey of India, Murree, by 8th June, 1944.

Applicants must come at own expense for interview and test at Bangalore on June 28 and 29 or Calcutta July 3 and 4, or Lahore July 5 and 6, 1944. Selected candidates required to join at Mansehra, Hazara District, North-Western Frontier Province by 7th August, 1944. (8679)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Easter Reduction Sale Wire Nails. Highly Polished of all sizes and Screws of different kinds. Apply:—M/s. C. M. Jacob & Sons, Kunuamkulam (Cochin State). 4784

For Sale or Hire—Dehydration Plant with 5 Tunnels suited for dehydration of Pota Green Vegetables, Cotton and Silk material Motor Complete. Excellent condition. Apply to —P. F. P. (India). 81, Sikdar Bagan Street, Calcutta. (4782)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

Stores Department.

OFFERS for the purchase of about 106 cycles available for sale at the Central Stores, 566, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11, are invited not later than 1 P. M. (B.T.) on Friday the 12th May 1944.

The form of tender can be had from the office of the undersigned.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
A. H. K. SHAIKH,
Controller of Stores.
Dated, 3rd May, 1944. (8699)

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION invite applications by 3-6-44 for two temporary posts of DISTRICT HEALTH OFFICERS. QUALIFICATIONS.—(a) A qualification registrable under the Bombay Medical Act VI of 1912 AND (b) a British D.P.H. or B.Hy. (Bom.) or D.P.H. (Bombay or Calcutta). PAY.—Rs. 300-40/3-500. AGE.—Not more than 40 years on 1-9-44. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas stamps and UNCROSSED postal order for Re. 1/- payable to "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission", Bombay, who will also supply full details on request (8690)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BAPUJI EDULJI JOSHI of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property known as 'Banu Mansion' to our client. All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 35, Dalal Street, Examiner Press Building, 2nd Floor, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Foras Freehold land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the East side of Dadar Main Road in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 281 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. C 1/13053, New Survey No. 2C 1/2023, Cadastral Survey No. 66 of Dadar-Naigaum Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "F" Ward No. 791(1), Street No. 131/131A to C and 133A to C and bounded as follows: i.e. on or towards the East by the property of Ahmed Haji Noormahomed, on or towards the West by Dadar Main Road, on or towards the North by the property of Ahmed Haji Noormahomed and on or towards the South by the Property of Ramchander Rowji Yevlakar.

Dated this 1st day of May, 1944.

TAHER AND CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(8693)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that VENKATESH VINAYAK BOKIL of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property situate at JUHU to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground out of Survey No. 5, Hissa No. 2, part together with the well thereon, situate at JUHU in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, District Bombay Suburban, admeasuring altogether 3529 square yards or thereabouts assessment Rs. 6-1-0 and bounded on the East by the Juhu village Road on the South by a Gully 3½ ft. by 145 ft. or thereabouts out of the said Survey No. 5, Hissa No. 2, the property of Mr. A. Latifi, I.C.S. (retd.) on the West by a triangular plot, admeasuring 35 square yards or thereabouts out of the said Survey No. 5, Hissa No. 2, by Survey No. 5 Hissa No. 1 and by Survey No. 42, Hissa No. 4 all the property of Mr. A. Latifi, I.C.S. (retd.) and on the North by the said Survey No. 42 Hissa No. 4 the property of Mr. A. Latifi, I.C.S. (retd.) and by a public passage.

Dated this 2nd day of May, 1944.

R. C. RAIJI.
for Messrs. Manilal Kher Ambalal & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(8694)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

G. I. P. AND B. B. & C. I. RAILWAYS

IMPORTANT NOTICE

PRIORITY OF GOODS TRAFFIC

IT is hereby notified for the information of the Public that the Regional Controller of Railway Priorities, Bombay, has decided that movements of goods traffic on these Railways should be arranged in the order of priority as detailed below as from 1st May, 1944. This list applies to local and through booking and is subject to booking restrictions and bans on movements imposed from time to time, by Local Governments, Regional Controllers of Railway Priorities and other competent authorities.

NOTE:—(i) Traffic falling within class I to VII only, of this list, constitutes priority traffic.
(ii) Sub-divisions (a), (b), (c), etc., shown in the respective classes, indicate a definite order of priority within such classes; e.g., traffic falling under class II (e), should be moved only after all traffic falling under II (a) to it has been moved, but sub-divisions serially numbered (1), (2), (3), (4), etc., have equal priority and the commodities coming thereunder should move in the order of regstration.

CLASS I.—URGENT MILITARY OPERATIONAL DEMANDS AND OTHER MOVEMENTS OF CORRESPONDING URGENCY

Orders for movement under this class will be issued by the Regional Controller of Railway Priorities, Bombay, or the Chief Transportation Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay.

Movements of.—
Ammunition & Explosives from all Military Sidings, Depots and Factories.

CLASS II.—MAINTENANCE OR DEVELOPMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION SERVICES AND OTHER MOVEMENTS OF CORRESPONDING URGENCY.

Movements of.—
(a) Wagons necessary to meet interchange obligations.
(b) Coal from coal-fields under orders of Coal Allotment Officer Nagpur
(c) (1) Railway materials and stores necessary for the construction and maintenance of engines, rolling stock, bridges, permanent way and operating equipment.
(2) Kit of Railway personnel on transfer.
(d) Stores to Collieries.
(e) Telegraph stores when consigned departmentally.
(f) (1) Aircraft parts and components.
(2) Filled and empty gas cylinders.
(3) Mineral acids and their containers.

CLASS III.—MOVEMENTS OF FOODSTUFFS AND OTHER MOVEMENTS OF CORRESPONDING URGENCY.

Movements of:—
(a) "Essential foodstuffs" as described below, when consigned by or on behalf of Government viz., Food Department, New Delhi, Provincial Governments, Indian States, Regional Food Commissioners, Food Controllers, G. I. P. and B. B. & C. I. Railways and when consigned on the authority of the Controller of Railway Priorities or the Regional Controllers of Railway Priorities.
Wheat, rice, jowar, bajri and other foodgrains. Tur, gram and other pulses. Flour, seeds of all food-grains and pulses for sowing purposes. Sugar, jagree and gur; salt, fresh vegetables, onions and potatoes; red chillies, tamarind, turmeric, ghee, livestock, fresh fruits, butter and eggs.
(b) (1) "Essential foodstuffs" as described in (a) above, when consigned by parties other than those mentioned therein.
(2) All foodstuffs and Canteen Stores tendered under Military Credit Notes.
(3) Dry fish consigned to stations on the G I P, B B & C I and G B S Railways.
(c) i. Fresh sugar-cane, and charcoal when consigned to Bombay and Poona only, on the G. P. P. Railway.
ii. Fresh sugar-cane when consigned to Bombay only on the B B & C I Rly.
iii. Charcoal, grass and firewood to Bombay from stations Bilimora and south only, on the B. B. & C. I. Railway, and
iv. Charcoal, grass and firewood to Asarva and of charcoal and grass to Kankaria from stations on the main line between Bulsar (inc) and Vasad (inc), including the Narrow Gauge branches joining the Bilimora-Vasad direct line on the B.B. & C.I. Railway.

CLASS IV.—URGENT MILITARY PROJECTS FOR THE THREE SERVICES AND OTHER MOVEMENTS OF CORRESPONDING URGENCY

Movements in connection with Defence Services projects whose completion by a fixed date is absolutely vital. For all such movements definite priority orders will be issued by the Regional Controller of Railway Priorities, Bombay.

Movements of:—
(1) Personal effects of Government officers on transfer.
(2) Cement when consigned by Cement Factories.
(3) All Military Stores, consigned from Military Sidings and Depots to Docks or 'vice versa'.
(4) Finished paper when consigned by paper mills in the Bombay Province to stations in the same Province.
(5) Liquor from Distilleries on the B. B. & C. I. Rly.

CLASS V.—MAINTENANCE OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION AND OTHER MOVEMENTS OF CORRESPONDING URGENCY

Movements of:—
(1) Piecegoods, yarn, twist, hosiery, blankets and cloth,
(2) Matches when consigned by Match factories only.
(3) Raw materials to cement factories, steelworks, paper mills, sugar factories, textile mills, match factories when consigned to such concerns only.
(4) Rubber scrap and empty earthenware acid jars, when consigned from and to specified areas as ordered by the Regional Controller of Railway Priorities, Bombay.
(5) Aviation spirit, petrol, kerosene oil, fuel oil and lubricants (oil and grease).
(6) Empty containers for mineral oils and lubricants when consigned to Oil Companies or their Agents.
(7) Railway materials and stores other than those listed in Class II (c).
(8) Cotton consigned to a merchant in Bombay or Cawnpore in accordance with the Cotton Movements Control Order.
(9) Asphalt, bitumen and coal tar.
(10) Empty cigarette cartons, empty cases and other packing material when consigned to cigarette and tobacco factories.

CLASS VI.— NEW PROJECTS ESSENTIAL FOR WAR SUPPLY PURPOSES AND OTHER MOVEMENTS OF CORRESPONDING URGENCY

Movements in connection with Defence Services projects whose completion by a fixed date is highly desirable. For all such movements, definite priority orders will be issued by the Regional Controller of Railway Priorities, Bombay.

Movements of:—
(1) "Tea, coffee, vegetable ghee, all edible vegetable oils (liquid or solidified), copra, groundnuts, til seed, khardi seed, mustard and rape seeds and all foodstuffs not included under Class III (a) and (b)."
(2) Empty containers to Government distilleries, licensed distilleries or Excise Warehouses.

CLASS VII.—URGENT MILITARY MOVEMENTS AND OTHER MOVEMENTS OF CORRESPONDING URGENCY

Movements of commodities to Ports for export on account of Ministry of Food, Ministry of Supply and Defence Services. For all such movements, definite priority orders will be issued by the Regional Controller of Railway Priorities, Bombay.

Movements of:—
(1) Medicines and Hospital equipment to Hospitals only.
(2) All Military stores, consigned from Military Sidings and Depots to which a higher priority has not been allotted under Class IV.
(3) Military traffic when consigned from one Military officer to another in his official capacity.

CLASS VIII.—NON URGENT MILITARY MOVEMENTS AND OTHER PROJECTS.

Movements of:—
(1) Traffic tendered under Military Credit Notes
(2) Perishable traffic
} When not falling under any higher class.

CLASS IX.—NORMAL CIVIL TRAFFIC AND REQUIREMENTS

Movements of the following when not falling under any higher class:—
(1) Charcoal and Firewood;
(2) Fodder and manures;
(3) Oilseeds other than those listed in Class VI (1).
(4) Oilmanstores;
(5) Timber, ballies, rafters and building materials.
(6) Other descriptions of traffic.

2. When it is desired to move a consignment by rail, the consignment should, in all cases, be offered to the Railway at the despatching station for transport in the normal way. If due to any booking restrictions or due to the low position of the commodity in the Priority List, the Railway is unable to move the consignment within a reasonable time, then only should an application be made for priority assistance.

3. Applications should normally be made not by the consigner or the producer, but by the consignee or the user of the goods.

(a) In cases where the application for priority is based on the fact that the applicant is engaged upon work for a Government Department, the application should be submitted through the representative of that Department on the Priority Panel of the area in which the destination station of the movement lies. (Details of Priority Panels may be obtained from the Regional Controllers of Railway Priorities).

(b) When the Government Department has no representative on a Priority Panel, the application should be submitted to the Regional Controller of Rly. Priorities of the destination area through the Department concerned.

(c) If the application for priority is not based on the fact that the applicant is engaged upon work for Government Department, the application should be submitted through the Provincial Transport Board under whose jurisdiction the destination station lies.

(d) Applications for priority assistance for movements of cotton, cotton cloth and consumable stores, chemicals and dyes to Textile Mills should be made to the Textile Commissioner, Sudama House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. The Textile Commissioner will, if he considers necessary, make his recommendations to the Regional Controller of Railway Priorities, Bombay.

(e) Applications for priority assistance for movements of timber, ballies, rafters, bamboos and firewood from stations in the C. P. and Berar, should be made to the Chief Conservator of Forests, C. P. and Berar, Nagpur.

(f) Applications for priority assistance for the movements of groundnuts to Bombay, should be made to the Groundnut Movements Advisory Panel, C/o The Hindusthan Vanaspati Manufacturing Co., Scindia House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

4. Applications for priority assistance should, in all cases, be made on Form A, a sample of which may be obtained from members of the Advisory Panels or the Regional Controllers of Railway Priorities. The form gives the following particulars which should be filled in by the applicant:—
i. Commodity;
ii. Weight in tons or maunds;
iii. Estimated number of wagons required;
iv. Whether any special type of wagon is required;
v. Station from and to with name of Rly. in each case;
vi. Names of consignors and consignees.
vii. Period within which it is desired that the movement be completed;
viii. Reasons why the movement is:—
(a) essential, and
(b) urgent.

5. Booking of traffic in tank wagons is not governed by the Priority List.

6. The extent up to which loading is possible, depends upon the availability of wagons from time to time. The Public are, therefore, advised to get in touch with the Station Masters before tendering their goods for despatch. (8701)

NOTICE

WANTED a second-hand LANCASHIRE BOILER with clean Certificate. 22 ft. x 6' 6" or upwards working pressure 150 lbs. or upwards, complete with mountings and fire grates. Makers name, year of manufacture and full particulars about mountings etc. should be given. Reply Box No. 8638, "Bombay Chronicle."

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

SEVERAL BUILDINGS in the area described below were temporarily evacuated after the explosion and fires that occurred on Friday, the 14th April, 1944. Many of them have been allowed to be occupied after inspection by the Municipal Engineers to avoid inconvenience and hardships to tenants. It is however desirable that all these buildings are thoroughly examined by the owners through their licensed Surveyors without any delay as monsoon is fast approaching.

All the house owners in this area are therefore requested to do the needful and submit copies of their Surveyor's report to the City Engineer, Bombay Municipality to enable measures of safety being taken in time if the same are found necessary.

Area to the West of the G.I.P. Railway line bounded by:—
Carnac Road,
Sheriff Dewji Street,
Jackeria Masjid Street,
1st Chinch Bunder Road.
Chinch Bunder Road,
Sandhurst Road,
G. I. P. Railway Lines.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices, Bombay.
8600

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we have terminated the services from to-day of Mr. VIRJIBHAI HARAKHCHAND NAGANIA, who was working as the Manager in our firm. No one hereafter should deal with him in the name of the firm. If notwithstanding this any one will do so, the same will be done at his risk and responsibility.

Bombay, Dated this 2nd day of May, 1944.

BHARAT KUMAR & BROS. (4801)

LEGAL NOTICES.

SALE NOTICE

Mr. MOSTAFA BIN ABDUL LATIFF has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person making any claim against the said property in any manner whatsoever is requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned within 14 days otherwise the claim will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece of vacant land or ground, situate at Nowroji Gamadia Road, Bombay, admeasuring 2230 square yards and bearing Collector's New Nos. 3158, 86 and 247, New Survey No. 7096 (Part) Cadastral Survey No. 3C/755 of Malabar Hill and Cumbala Hill Division and bearing Municipal D Ward No. 3536 (5A) and Street No. 59 CF.

Dated this 2nd day of May, 1944.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Purchaser's Attorneys,
Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort, (8697)

THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS SPG. & WVG. CO., LTD.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

WE HEREBY INFORM that we have REMOVED our Share Transfer Department from Tamarind Lane, Fort Chambers, Fort, Bombay, to MILITARY SQUARE LANE, 141, MAHATMA GANDHI ROAD, OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY HALL, SASSOON BUILDING, FORT, BOMBAY, from Saturday, the 29th April, 1944.

GANESHNARAYAN PIRAMAL,
Agents. (8691)

LEGAL NOTICES.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY NO. 50 OF 1944

Re: PARASHRAM PANDURANG MHATRE, residing at Sadanand Wadi, Dadar ..... A Debtor

Ex parte: PHEROZE DARABSHAW SHROFF .. Petitioning Creditor.

On the 25th day of April, 1944, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 1st day of May, 1944.

S. S. RANGNEKAR,
Insolvency Registrar. (8696)

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